# **43**<sup>rd</sup> ANNUAL REPORT 2021- 22



Driving Development.....

### Glimpses of Activities undertaken by MPCON



MD, MPCON Receiving ISTD Award for Trainers



**RPL Training for Safai Karamcharis** 





# **ANNUAL REPORT** 2021-22



Project Consultancy Training & Capacity Building Waste Management e-governance CSR

(A Joint Venture of IFCI, ICICI Bank, State Govt. Corporations & Banks) An ISO 9001-2015 Organisation

> A Government of India Undertaking (भारत सरकार का उपक्रम )

#### 43<sup>rd</sup> ANNUAL REPORT 2021-22



### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Shri Sunil Kumar Bansal Chairman, MPCON Ltd. and DMD, IFCI Ltd., New Delhi

Shri Debashis Gupta Managing Director MPCON Ltd., Bhopal

Shri Arun Kumar Goyal New Hare Krishna CGHS, GH-15 Sector- 45, Faridabad Haryana

Shri Girdhar Swaminathan GM, State Bank of India, Bhopal Shri Rajendra Raikwar Chief General Manager M.P. Laghu Udhyog Nigam LTD, Bhopal

Shri Lokesh Krishna GM, Bank of India, Bhopal

Smt. Santhi Chilumuri GM, IFCI Limited, Bhopal

Shri Vishu Kumar Gupta GM, Punjab National Bank, Bhopal

### AUDITORS

**SBCJ & Associates** Chartered Accountants

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Piyush Bindal & Associates Company Secretary

### BANKERS

- ✦ State Bank of India
- ✦ IDBI Bank
- Kotak Bank
- ✦ Central Bank of India

#### Registered Office

Ground Floor, Rajiv Gandhi Bhawan – 2, 35, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal – 462002 Phone : 0755-4909829, 2666556

E-mail: mpcon.bpl@mpconsultancy.org, Website: www.mpconsultancy.org



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# MPCON LIMITED

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the 43<sup>rd</sup>Annual General Meeting of the members of the MPCON Limited will be held on Monday, the 26<sup>th</sup>day of September, 2022 at 11:30 AM through Video Conferencing ("VC") / other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") for which purposes the Registered Office of the Company situated at Ground Floor, 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan No. 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal Madhya Pradesh - 462002, to transact the following business –

#### ORDINARY BUSINESS

**1.** To consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of MPCON Limited including the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit & Loss Account and Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolution, as an OrdinaryResolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** the Audited Financial Statement of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 together with the Reports of the Directors and the Auditors thereon along with all annexures as laid before this Annual General Meeting be and are hereby received, considered and adopted by the members of the Company."

# 2. To fix and approve the remuneration of the Statutory Auditors of MPCON Limited for the Financial Year 2022-23.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolution, as an Ordinary Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** in terms of provisions contained under Section 139(5) and Section 142 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Companies (Audit & Auditors) Rules 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the said Act, the Board of Directors of MPCON Limited be and is hereby authorized to decide and fix the remuneration of the Statutory Auditor(s) of the company, appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG) for the Financial Year 2022-23 as may be deemed fit."



# 3. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Arun Kumar Goyal (DIN: 01061882), who retires by rotationat this Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolution, as an Ordinary Resolution:

**"RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of the Section 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 Mr. Arun Kumar Goyal (DIN: 01061882)who retires by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and being eligible has offered himself for reappointment, be and is hereby re appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

#### 4. To declare Dividend @ 30% of the Share Capital for the Financial Year 2021-22.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolution, as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED THAT** the final dividend @ 30% i.e. INR 300/- for every Equity Share of face value of INR 1000/- each for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March,2022 as recommended by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 20<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 be and is hereby declared and approved."

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS

#### 5. To approve the alteration in the Articles of Association ("AOA").

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolution, as a Special Resolution:

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 14 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder, including any modification(s) thereto or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being force, the consent of the members of the Company hereby accorded for substitution of the existing Article No. II (2)of the Articles of Association of the Company, with the amended provisions as provided hereunder:



Article No.	Existing Provision	Proposed Provision
II. (2)	To appoint and their discretion remove or suspend such managers, secretaries, officers, clerks, agents and servants for permanent, temporary or special services as they may, from time to time, deem fit and to determine their power and duties and fix their emoluments and to require security in such instances and to such amounts as they think fit, provided that no appointment carrying total emoluments exceeding Rs. 50, 000/- per month shall be made without the prior approval of IFCI.	To appoint and their discretion remove or suspend such managers, secretaries, officers, clerks, agents and servants for permanent, temporary or special services as they may, from time to time, deem fit and to determine their power and duties and fix their emoluments and to require security in such instances and to such amounts as they think fit, provided that no appointment carrying total emoluments exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/- per month shall be made without the prior approval of IFCI.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things and take all such steps as may be necessary or incidental to give effect to the foregoing resolution."

#### By order of the Board of Directors For MPCON Limited

S/d (ASHUTOSH SINGLA) Managing Director DIN: 08255206

Place: Bhopal Date: 29/08/2022



#### NOTES:

1. Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through video conferencing ("VC") or any other audio-visual means ("OAVM"):

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'), vide its General Circular No. 20/2020, 14/2020, 17/2020, 02/2021, 02/2022 allowed the Companies to conduct the AGM through Video Conferencing (VC) or Other Audio-Visual Means (OAVM) without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In accordance with, the said circulars of MCA and applicable provisions of the Act, the 43<sup>rd</sup> AGM of the Company shall be conducted through VC / OAVM. The deemed venue for the AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company. Participation of members through VC / OAVM will be reckoned for the purpose of quorum for the AGM as per section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013

- **2.** Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circulars through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form, Attendance Slip and Route Map are not annexed to this Notice.
- **3.** Explanatory statement setting out the material facts concerning each item of Special Business to be transacted at the General Meeting pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexed hereto and forms part of the Notice.
- **4.** In view of the MCA Circulars, no proxy shall be appointed by the members. However, corporate members are required to send to the Company, a certified copy of the Board Resolution/Letter, pursuant to section 113 of the Companies Act 2013, authorizing their representative to attend and vote at the Meeting through VC to Company's mail-id i.e. mpcon.bpl@mpconsultancy.org at least three days in advance of the meeting so that the necessary arrangements can be made for attending the meeting.
- **5.** In terms of the aforesaid Circulars, the businesses set out in the Notice will be transacted by the members through voting through E-mail which shall be sent by the designated e- mail id of the Company to the members, the voting system provided during the meeting while participating through VC facility.
- **6.** All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice as well as the other documents as required under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 are open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company on all working days except Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays between 11:00 a.m. to 1:30 p.m. up to the date of this Annual General Meeting.



- **7.** Members seeking any information with regard to accounts or operations are requested to write to the Company at an early date, preferably at least seven days before the date of Meeting, to enable the management to keep the information ready.
- **8.** Pursuant to Finance Act, 2020, dividend income is taxable in the hands of shareholders w.e.f. April 1, 2020 and the Company is required to deduct tax at source from dividend paid to shareholders at the prescribed rates. For the prescribed rates for various categories, please refer to the Finance Act, 2020 and the amendments thereof.
- **9.** In accordance with the aforementioned MCA Circulars, the Company has conducting the meeting through video conferencing. The members are requested to follow the following instructions in order to participate in the Meeting through VC mechanism:
  - **a)** The login-id and password for joining the meeting will be separately provided to members on the date of AGM on their registered email id.
  - **b)** The facility for joining the Meeting shall be kept open 15 minutes before the time scheduled to start the meeting i.e.11:15 pm and 15 minutes after the expiry of the said scheduled time i.e. till 12:45 pm;
  - c) Participation of single member shall only be allowed at a time;
  - **d)** Queries on the accounts and operations of the Company or the businesses covered under the Notice may be sent to Company's mail-id i.e. mpcon.bpl@mpconsultancy.org at least seven days in advance of the meeting so that the answers may be made readily available at the meeting;
  - e) Members are requested to e-mail at mpcon.bpl@mpconsultancy.org or call at 0755-2939555 in case of any technical assistance required at the time of log in/ assessing/ voting at the Meeting through VC;



#### EXPLANATORY STATEMENT (PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013)

#### Item no. 05 - To approve the alteration in the Articles of Association ("AOA").

received the advised from IFCI vide letter As the Company has its no IFCI/MPCON/2011/120322049 dated 22/3/2012 to seek prior permission of IFCI for appointing anyone drawing total emoluments above Rs. 50,000/- per month and insert the same in the Articles of Association. The Board of directors has proposed to seek an upward revision up to Rs. 1,00,000/- from IFCI in the Board Meeting dated 08th November, 2021 and the IFCI has granted the approval for the above revision and to amend the relevant clause of Articles of Association (Clause No. II (2)), in line with it the Board of Directors of the Company has proposes for amendment in the existing article II(2) of Articles of Association ("AOA") of the Company as set out in the resolution mentioned in item no 05 of the Notice of AGM.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 14 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), the shareholders approval is required for making the alteration in Articles of Association of the company by way of passing the special resolution in the general meeting. Therefore, the members are requested to pass the Special Resolution accordingly.

A Copy of the altered Articles of Association of the Company would be applicable for inspection at the registered office of the Company during the business hours on any working days between 10:30 am to 01:00 pm up to the date of the ensuing AGM.

Hence, The Board Recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice for approval by the members of the Company.

None of the Directors is interested in this Resolution. Shareholders are requested to pass this Resolution as the Special Resolution in the best interest of the Company.

#### By order of the Board of Directors For MPCON Limited

S/d (ASHUTOSH SINGLA) Managing Director DIN: 08255206

Place: Bhopal Date: 29/08/2022



#### **REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022**

Your directors are pleased to submit their 43<sup>rd</sup> Annual Report on the operations of your company (MPCON) along with audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022.

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The financial performance of the Company during the Twelve Months period ended on  $31^{st}$  March 2022 is summarized hereunder: -

#### PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

(Amount INRs.)

Operating Years	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Revenue from Operations	76,04,02,072.00	70,94,12,151.00
Other Income	35,41,594.00	32,67,398.00
Total Revenue	76,39,43,666.00	71,26,79,549.00
Operating Expenses	74,62,75,841.00	69,90,79,903.00
Profit before interest and tax & exceptional items	176,67,825.00	135,99,646.00
Exceptional Items	(679,999.00)	0.00
Payment of interest	0.00	0.00
Profit before extra-ordinary items	169,87,826.00	135,99,646.00
Extraordinary Items		
Profit before tax	169,87,826.00	135,99,646.00
Tax Expense		
Current tax	49,64,374.00	38,24,713.00
Deferred Tax	(2,241.00)	(32,118.00)
Profit After tax	120,25,693.00	98,07,051.00
Other Comprehensive Income	(9,71,999.00)	(2,66,980.00)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	110,53,694	95,40,071
Total Numbers of outstanding equity shares of Rs. 1000/- each	10,000	10,000
Earnings per share (Rs.)	1105.37	954.01



|--|

		(Amount INRs.)
Operating Years	FY 2021-2022	FY 2020-2021
Non-current assets	9,74,14,199.00	10,92,31,444.00
Current Assets	8,15,72,646.00	7,57,09,964.00
Total Assets	17,89,86,846.00	18,49,41,408.00
Represented by:		
Equity Share Capital (A)	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Other Equity (B)	7,45,25,688.00	6,35,87,355.00
Deferred tax Liabilities (Net)	-267,407.00	76,347.00
Long term provisions	0.00	0.00
Net worth (A+B)	8,45,25,688.00	7,35,87,355.00

A perusal of the aforesaid statistics reveals that during the FY 2021-22 under report, the gross revenue from operations of the Company was INRs. 7639.43 lakhs, as compared to INRs. 7126.79 lakhs reported in FY 2020-21, resulting an increase of 7.19% over previous year. The Profit before Tax (PBT) for the year 2021-22 stood at INRs. 169.87 Lakhs, after writing off bad debts of INRs. 49.92 Lakhs.

The Earning per Share increased from INRs. 954.01 to INRs. 1105.37 due to aforesaid reasons.

#### STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIRS AND FUTURE OUTLOOK

During the year under review, MPCON completed various assignments in the following fields:

1) **Project Consultancy & Allied Services (**Project reports, Feasibility Studies, Techno Economic viability Reports, LIE Reports, Valuations, Market Surveys/ Socio Economic Surveys, etc.)

2) **HRD & Allied Services (Central & State Government Undertakings)** - Trainings & Capacity Building, Entrepreneurship, Technology based Programmes, Faculty Development Programmes, Skill Development Programmes, etc.

3) Manpower Outsourcing, CSR, IT/ITES related activities, Financial Inclusion, etc.



MPCON experienced a good rate of growth in the year 2021-22 by capitalizing on its core competencies like Project Consultancy, Livelihood enhancement and skilling activities, Manpower Outsourcing, IT/ITES related activities.

During the year in the field of project consultancy, which consists of various categories of assignments viz. Techno Economic Viability Reports, Lenders Independent Engineer's Reports, Detailed Project Reports, Surveys and Studies, etc., MPCON has done good business despite the Covid Lockdowns at various times. MPCON is empaneled with various public sector Banks for providing project consultancy services. In Chhattisgarh, MPCON's State Office, CITCON had worked closely with the Chhattisgarh State Industrial Development Corporation in preparing various DPRs for Food Parks in the State.

Training and capacity building in the field of Livelihood Trainings has been one of the main activities of MPCON since its inception. MPCON has undertaken such trainings in Madhya Pradesh, Chhattisgarh, Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan & Maharashtra during the last year, under the sponsorship of National SafaiKaramacharis Finance & Development Corporation (NSKFDC), New Delhi; National Backward Class Finance and Development Corporation (NBCFDC), New Delhi; National Scheduled caste Finance and Development Corporation (NSFDC), New Delhi, NULM, M.P, Chhattisgarh Building and Other Construction Workers Welfare Board, MAPCET, Bhopal, M.P. Forest Dept. and other esteemed sponsoring agencies.

IT & ITES Services: During the year MPCON, has been awarded the work by the Chhattisgarh Swami Vivekanand Technical University, Bhilai. MPCON continued with digital evaluation work with M.P. Open School Education Board. MPCON's Cyber Excellence Division catered to the cyber security & awareness requirements of the Govt. Departments and the division has conducted Cyber Awareness programmes for the M.P. Govt. Departments/Directorates etc.

Financial Inclusion: In the financial inclusion segment, MPCON provided services in Madhyanchal Gramin Bank (A Regional Rural Bank Controlled by SBI & Govt. of M.P) in Madhya Pradesh, where in catered to total 300 customer service points across 16 districts where the bank operates. Apart from this, now MPCON has also been empaneled with Bank of India for Financial Inclusion and has started its operations in Indore (M.P) and Sholapur (MH). This year the FI operations of Bank of India are expected to grow further.

Manpower Consultancy: MPCON has been carrying out manpower consultancy for various Govt. Departments/agencies and PSUs. Apart from this, the division also provides recruitment solutions to the Govt. Departments.

CSR Implementation: During the year MPCON completed CSR implementation on behalf of National Scheduled Tribe Finance & Development Corporation (NSTFDC) and MOIL, wherein it installed sanitary napkin vending machines along with incinerators in various schools in Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra.



#### VISION

The future strategy of MPCON is to build on its existing capabilities of Project/Technical Consultancy, Livelihoods Training, IT/ITES and Manpower Outsourcing and at the same time enter into newer areas of consulting such as Climate Change and Cyber Security domains, etc.

#### DIVIDEND

Your directors are pleased to recommend a dividend of 30% as final dividend for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, subject to the approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM). Total cash outflow in this regard will be INRs. 30,00,000.00

#### PUBLIC DEPOSIT

Your Company did not raise any public deposit during the year. There was no public deposit outstanding as at the beginning or end of the year as on March 31, 2022.

#### CHANGES IN COMPOSITION OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

There have been the following changes in the Directors of the Company during the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 and after till the date of this report:

#### A. Changes by Appointment

- 1. Shri Rajendra Raikwar, Chief General Manager, MPLUN was appointed as the Nominee Director of the Company w.e.f. 04<sup>th</sup> August, 2021.
- 2. Shri Giridhar Swaminathan, General Manager, SBI was appointed as the Nominee Director of the Company w.e.f. 04<sup>th</sup> August, 2021
- 3. Shri Arun Kumar Goyal, (DIN:01061882), was regularized as the Director of the Company w.e.f06<sup>th</sup> September, 2021.
- 4. Shri Lokesh Krishna General Manager, Bank of India, NBG, MP & Chhattisgarh was appointed as nominee director of the Company w.e.f. 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2021.
- 5. Smt. Santhi Chilumuri, General manager, IFCI Limited was appointed as the Nominee Director of the Company w.e.f. 8<sup>th</sup> November, 2021
- 6. Shri. Vishu Kumar Gupta, General manager, PNB was appointed as the Nominee Director of the Company w.e.f. 02<sup>nd</sup> December, 2021
- 7. Shri Ashutosh Singla, DGM, IFCI was appointed as the Managing Director of the Company w.e.f. 05<sup>th</sup> May, 2022
- 8. Shri Prem Kumar Agarwal, Manager, PNB was appointed as the Nominee Director of the Company w.e.f. 15<sup>th</sup> June, 2022
- 9. Shri Tarsem Singh, Zonal Head, Central Bank of India, was appointed as the Nominee Director of the Company w.e.f. 15<sup>th</sup> June, 2022



#### **B. Changes by Resignations/transfers etc.**

- 1. Shri Rajiv Kumar Saxena ceased to hold the office of Director of the Company due to his nomination withdrawn by SBI w.e.f. 05<sup>th</sup> June, 2021.
- 2. Shri Rajendra Gargava ceased to hold the office of Director of the Company due to his nomination withdrawn by MPLUN w.e.f. 10<sup>th</sup> June, 2021.
- 3. Shri Rajeev Uberoi (DIN:01731829), ceased to hold the office of Director of the Company due to his nomination withdrawn by IFCI w.e.f. 02<sup>nd</sup> September, 2021.
- 4. Shri Praveen Kumar Jain, ceased to hold the office of Director of the Company due to his nomination withdrawn by PNB w.e.f. 14<sup>th</sup> October, 2021.
- 5. Shri. Debashis Gupta ceased to hold the office of Managing Director of the Company due to his nomination withdrawn by IFCI w.e.f. 05<sup>th</sup> May, 2022.
- 6. Shri. Vishnu Kumar Gupta, ceased to hold the office of Director of the Company due to his nomination withdrawn by PNB w.e.f. 22<sup>nd</sup> June, 2022.
- 7. Shri S. D. Mahurkar, Zonal head, ceased to hold the office of Director of the Company due to his nomination withdrawn by Central Bank of India w.e.f. 22<sup>nd</sup> June, 2022.

#### PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

During the period under report, the company did not have any person on its rolls whose particulars are required to be reported under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5 (1) of the (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and therefore your company has nothing to report under the aforesaid provisions of the Act.

#### EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

In term of Section 134(3)(a), read with Rule 12 of the Companies Management & Administration Rules, 2014, extract of the Annual Return of the Company made out in Form No. MGT-9 is attached to this report as **Annexure-I.** 

#### DETAILS OF BOARD MEETINGS

In term of Section 134(b) of the Companies Act, 2013, against the minimum requirement of four meetings, your board met four times during the 12 Months period ended 31<sup>st</sup> day of March, 2022. The details of the meetings along with the attendance are given below-

Quarter ended	Date of Meeting	Strength of Board	No. of Directors Present
April - June 2021	04.06.2021	7	5
July - Sept 2021	04.08.2021	8	7
Oct - Dec 2021	08.11.2021	9	6
Jan - March 2022	07.02.2022	9	5



				<b>Board Meetings</b>				
Name of the Directors	Date of Appointment	Date of cessation	4 <sup>th</sup> June, 2021	04 <sup>th</sup> Aug, 2021	08 <sup>th</sup> Nov, 2021	07 <sup>th</sup> Feb, 2022		
Shri Rajendra Gargava (DIN: 01731829)	26.10.2018	10.10.2021	×					
Shri Rajiv Uberoi (DIN: 08355142)	26.10.2018	02.09.2021	~	~				
hri Rajiv Kumar Saxena 15.07.2019 DIN: 08516656)		05.06.2021	×					
Shri Praveen Kumar Jain (DIN: 08036512)	23.10.2019	14.10.2021	~	~				
Shri Shriram Dattaray Madhurkar (DIN: 08667099)	23.10.2019		~	~	×	×		
Shri Debashis Gupta (DIN: 08741938)	•		~	~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Shri Sunil Kumar Bansal	16.06.2020		~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Shri Arun Kumar Goyal (DIN: 01061882)	06.09.2021				$\checkmark$	~		
Smt Santhi Chilumuri (DIN:03153761)	08.11.2021				$\checkmark$	×		
Shri Rajendra Kumar Raikwar (DIN: 08352477)	04.08.2021			~	×	×		
Shri Swaminathan Giridhar (DIN:09263047)	04.08.2021			~	×	×		
Shri Lokesh Krishna (DIN: 09342632)	30.09.2021			×	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Shri Vishnu Kumar Gupta (DIN: 09421850)	02.12.2021				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		



Your Directors are pleased to report further that in the matter of Board Meetings your company sought to comply with the Secretarial Standard on Board Meeting prescribed by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and circulated agenda and notes of meetings to Directors well in advance and in defined agenda format incorporating all material information therein, thereby facilitating meaningful and focused discussions at the meetings. Where it is not been practicable to attach any document to the agenda, it is tabled at the meeting itself. In special and exceptional circumstances, additional or supplementary item(s) on the agenda are tabled with the permission of the Chair.

#### SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The Company does not have any subsidiary and associate companies and therefore it has nothing to report in respect thereof.

#### DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act 2013, your directors confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2022 the applicable accounting standards read with requirements set out under Schedule III to the Act, have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- b) the directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 and of the profit /loss of the Company for that period;
- c) the directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2020 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the directors have prepared the annual accounts on a "going concern" basis;
- e) they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively;
- f) the directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.



#### MPCON POLICY ON DIRECTORS, KMPs AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

In term of net worth, turnover, volume of borrowings etc. the size of the company is small and that, therefore, during the period under report it is beyond the bracket of specified companies that attract the provisions contained under Section 134(3) (e) read with Section 173 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and that therefore it has not formulated any policy regarding appointment, remunerations of KMPs and fixing criteria for determining their qualifications, attributes and independence.

#### AUDITORS REPORT

Being a subsidiary of IFCI Ltd. a government company within the meaning of Section 2(45) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Comptroller & Auditor General appointed **M/s SBCJ & Associates**, a firm of Chartered Accountants having firm registration No. 007051C, operating from their Office situated at LIG-212B, E-7, Arera Colony, Near 11 No. Stop, Bhopal 462016 Madhya Pradesh - India, as statutory Auditors of MPCON to carry out the audit of the Company for the financial year 2021-22.

The report dated 04.07.2022 submitted by the firm does not contain any qualification, reservations, or adverse remarks and therefore no comments or clarifications is required on the part of your directors.

Accordingly, in terms of the Section 139 and 142 of the Companies Act, 2013 a proposal for payment of remuneration to the Auditors for the audit function discharged by is being brought up as one of the business to be transacted at the ensuing 43<sup>rd</sup> AGM of the company.

### COMMENTS / OBSERVATIONS OF CAG ON THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS OF THE COMPANY FOR FINANCIAL YEAR 2021-22

The Company has received the comments of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India in terms of Section 143(6)(b) of the Companies Act, 2013 on the Annual Accounts approved and signed by the Board of Directors and Statutory Auditors of the Company dated 18/08/2022in the supplementary audit of the financial statements of MPCON Limited for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 under Section 143(6)(a) of the Act and CAG comments and Management's response is annexed in Annexure-II with this report.

### DETAILS REGARDING FRAUDS REPORTED BY AUDITORS UNDER SECTION 143(12)

During the year under review, there were no frauds reported by the auditors to the Board under section 143(12) of the Act.



### DETAILS OF MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING FINANCIAL POSITION

During the year under review and the date of report, there is no material change and commitments made which affect the financial position of the Company.

#### MATERIAL ORDER PASSED AND INSTRUCTION FROM COURTS, TRIBUNAL THAT CAN AFFECT EXISTENCE OF THE COMPANY

During the period under report, no orders were passed and no instructions were given by any court, tribunal, regulators that could impact the going concern status of your Company. The financial statements of the Company for the year under report have been compiled based on going concern concept.

# STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Your Company believes that freedom of management should be exercised within a framework of appropriate checks and balances and therefore it remains committed to ensuring effective internal controls that, among others, provide an assurance on orderly and efficient conduct of operations, security of assets, prevention and detection of frauds, errors, accuracy and completeness of accounting records and facilitates accurate, reliable and timely preparation of requisite financial statements.

With a view to strengthening the existing mechanism for corporate governance and ensuring greater transparency in the Indian Corporate, the Companies Act, 2013 has reemphasized the importance of a robust internal controls environment by introducing the concept of an Internal Financial Controls (IFC).

The Internal Audit System of your company consists of professionally qualified accountants, MBAs and IT Specialists competent to deliver internal audit assurances that are commensurate to its size, business mix and business volume of turnover. In the context of the business environment, the system and policies relating to management of Information are periodically reviewed to ensure that the same are effective and purpose oriented at all the time.

#### SECRETARIAL AUDITORS REPORT

In term of size and volume of turnover, the company is small and does not attract the provisions contained under Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013.



However your Directors are pleased to inform you that, to ensure that the company is able to comply with all the applicable laws and rules, it availed of the services of Mr. Piyush Bindal of Piyush Bindal& Associates, a professional practicing Company Secretary holding CP No. 7442 and Membership No. 6749, respectively, and your Board is pleased to report that there has been no contravention of any law and procedures on the part of your company.

#### POLICLIES FRAMED IN THE COMPANY

The Existing Policies of the Company as framed in the previous years are enlisted below-

- Uniform Delegation of Powers approved in the 170<sup>th</sup> Board Meeting of the Company held on 23<sup>rd</sup> April, 2016.
- Uniform Document Retention Policy approved in the 170<sup>th</sup> Board Meeting of the Company held on 23<sup>rd</sup> April, 2016.
- Uniform Policy on Pay Scale & Allowances, Perquisites/facilities and other staff related matters.
- Policy for Purchase of Goods and Procurement & Execution of Business Services.
- Uniform Promotion Policy of MPCON.
- Policy on Risk Management.
- Policy for prevention, prohibition and redressal of Sexual Harassment of women at workplace.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has duly framed and adopted the Risk Management Policy in the year 2015-16 and the implementation and compliance during the year has been made as per the requirement of the Risk Management Policy of the Company. As of now, the company has not identified any element of risk which may threaten the existence of the Company.

# DISCLOSURES UNDER SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION & REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has framed the Policy for Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal of Sexual Harassment of women at workplace based on the CCS (Conduct) Rules, 1964 Guidelines regarding prevention of working women in the work place. MPCON has constituted committees under these guidelines. During the period no cases were filed under Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 in respect of the Company.



### DETAILS OF ESTABLISHMENT OF VIGIL MECHANISM FOR DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

As per directives of IFCI, the Chief Vigilance Officer of IFCI has been appointed as Chief Vigilance Officer in MPCON.

The Company follows the IFCI's Mechanism Policy for directors and employees to report their concerns or grievances. No such cases have been reported during FY 2021-22.

#### PARTICULARS OF LOAN, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186

During the period under report, no loans were advanced, guarantee given and investments made that attract the provisions contained under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 and that, therefore, the company has nothing to disclose under the aforesaid provision of the Act.

#### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company did not enter into any material contract details of which needs to be disclosed under the report. The transaction which the company has with its parent company/shareholdings institutions in the ordinary course of its business are disclosed under **Annexure II** to this report.

#### PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

Information regarding loans, guarantees and investments covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Act, are detailed in the financial statements.

#### CHANGES IN RESERVES

There were no changes in general reserves for the financial year ended March 31, 2022.

#### INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS, 2015

The annexed financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Act, Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

#### SECRETARIAL STANDARDS OF ICSI

The Company has complied with the requirements prescribed under the Secretarial Standards on Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS–1) and General Meetings (SS–2) read with the MCA Circulars granting exemptions in view of the Covid-19 pandemic.



# CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY, ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The details of Energy, Technology, Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo are as under-

#### a) Conservation of Energy

Your company is a Service company engaged in providing consultancy services and it requires electrical energy only for the purpose of lighting its office premises and running its office equipment which it has installed. Such office equipment and electric fixtures do not consume much energy. Therefore, it has nothing to report under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### b) Technology Absorption

The Company continues to use the latest technologies for improving the quality of its services, its operations do not require import of any technology. Hence, it has nothing to report in the matter of absorption of technology.

#### c) Foreign Exchange Earnings/ Outgo

During the period under report, your company did neither earn nor expend anything in foreign exchange. Therefore, it has nothing to report with respect of earnings and outgo of foreign exchange.

#### COMPLIANCE OF OTHER PROVISIONS OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Certain provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules formulated therein and be enforced under them, dealing inter-alia, with the following aspects which are either not applicable to the Company or Company has nothing reportable in respect thereof-

- Disclosure about CSR Policy in term of Section 134 (o) & 135 (2) read with Companies CSR Rules, 2014
- Particulars of Subsidiaries and Associate Companies.
- Disclosure of receipt of any commission by Managing Director/Whole Time Director from company and also receiving remuneration from its subsidiary/ holding company in term of Section 197(14) of the Act.
- Declaration by Independent Directors in term of Section 134(3) (d) read with Section 149 (C) of the Act and other provisions related thereto.



- Secretarial Audit report in term of Section 204(1) of the Act.
- Manner in which formal Annual Evaluation of performance of the Board, its Committees, Individual Directors in term of Section 134(p) read with Companies (Accounts) Rules.
- Composition of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and all other disclosure that are required on the part of listed Companies.
- Provisions dealing with purchase of its own shares by a Company.
- Provisions governing Issue of Sweat Equity and Employees Stock Options Scheme issue of shares with differential voting rights etc. regulated by the Act under Companies.
- (Share Capital & Debentures) Rules, 2014.
- Provisions relating to maintenance of Cost records as specified by the Central Government under Sub section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo.
- Directors' remuneration policy and criteria for matters under Section 178.
- The details of application made or any proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (31 of 2016) during the year along with their status as at the end of the financial year.



#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The Board of Directors of your Company wish to express gratitude for the guidance, support and co-operation received by the MPCON from various Departments of the Government of India and Government of Madhya Pradesh, Government of Chhattisgarh and other State Governments, IFCI Ltd., the Directorate of Industries, State level Financial Corporations/Institutions, and Nationalized/Commercial Banks, Various Ministries of Govt. of India and Ministries of State Govts., and Centre and State Public Sector Undertakings, etc.

The Directors of your Company are grateful to the entrepreneurs, Industries Associations of Madhya Pradesh & Chhattisgarh and other States for the confidence they reposed in MPCON. The Directors also place on record their appreciation for the dedicated and sincere services rendered by the professionals and other staff of MPCON.

Place: Bhopal

For and on behalf of the Board

Date: 29/08/2022

**MPCON Limited** 

S/d Ashutosh Singla (DIN: 06646775) Managing Director S/d Sunil Kumar Bansal (DIN: 06922373) Director&Chairman



#### FORM NO. MGT 9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN As on the year ended on 31.03.2022 Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014.

#### I REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:

1.	CIN	U74140MP1979GOI001502			
2.	Registration Date	23.03.1979			
3.	Name of the Company	MPCON Limited			
4.	Category/Sub-category of the	Public Company			
	Company				
5.	Address of the Registered office	Ground Floor, 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan -2,			
	& contact details	Shyamla Hills, Bhopal -462002 (M.P.)			
6.	Whether listed company	No			
7.	Name, Address & contact details	NA			
	of the Registrar & Transfer				
	Agent, if any.				

#### II PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

(All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated)

S.	Name and Description of main products /	NIC Code of the	% to total
No.	services	<b>Product/service</b>	turnover
1	Providing Technical, Management And	702	9.08
	Consultancy Services		
2	Training Activities	749	10.32
3	Manpower Outsourcing	782	80.58

#### III PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SIBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

S. No.	Name of the Company	CIN/GLN No.	Holding /Subsidiary /Associate	% of shares held by the company	Applicable Section
1	IFCI Limited	L74899DL1993GOI053677	Holding	79.72%	2 (46) of the
					Companie
					s Act,
					2013



#### IV. SHAREHOLDING PATTERN

(Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

#### i) Category-Wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders		No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year [As on 01-April-2021]			No. of Shares held at the end of the year [As on 31-March- 2022]				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoter s									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/ HUF									
b) Central Govt									
c) State Govt(s)									
d) Bodies Corp.		8672	8672	86.72		8672	8672	86.72	
e) Banks / FI		1328	1328	13.28		1328	1328	13.28	
f) Any other									
Total shareholding of Promoter (A)		10000	10000	100		10000	10000	100	
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds									
b) Banks / FI									
c) Central Govt									
d) State Govt(s)									
e) Venture Capital Funds									
f) Insurance Companies									
g) FIIs									



			. =	1				
Grand Total	 10000	10000	100		10000	10000	100	
ADRs								
for GDRs &								
by Custodian	 							
(B)(2) C. Shares held	 							
(B)=(B)(1)+								
Shareholding								
Total Public	 							
(B)(2):-								
Sub-total	 							
Foreign Bodies	 							
Trusts	 							
Clearing Members	 							
Foreign Nationals	 							
Corporate Bodies								
Overseas	 							
Indians								
Non Resident	 							
c) Others	 							
excess of Rs 1 lakh								
share capital in								
holding nominal								
shareholders	 							
upto Rs. 1 lakh ii) Individual	 							
share capital								
holding nominal								
shareholders								
i) Individual	 							
b) Individuals	 							
ii) Overseas	 							
i) Indian	 							
a) Bodies Corp.	 							
Institutions								
2. Non-								
(B)(1):-								
Sub-total	 							
i) Others	 							
Funds								
h) Foreign Venture Capital	 							



### ii) Shareholding of Promoters:

S. NO.	Shareholders Name	Shareholding at the end of the year		
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
1.	IFCI LTD	7972	79.72	
2.	AMREX MARKETING PRIVATE LIMITED	220	2.20	
3.	ICICI BANK LTD	180	1.80	
4.	MP STATE INDL.DEVE CORPORATION LTD	60	0.60	
5.	MP LAGHU UDYOG LTD	420	4.20	
6.	MP FINANCIAL CORPORATION LTD	60	0.60	
7.	STATE BANK OF INDIA	320	3.20	
8.	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA	160	1.60	
9.	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	160	1.60	
10.	INDIAN BANK	160	1.60	
11.	UNION BANK OF INDIA	32	0.32	
12.	BANK OF BARODA	64	0.64	
13.	UCO BANK	32	0.32	
14.	BANK OF INDIA	160	1.60	
	TOTAL	10000	100	

#### (iii) Change in Promoters Shareholding

S. NO.	Shareholders Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Shareholding at the end of the year	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
1.	IFCI LTD	7972	79.72	7972	79.72
2.	AMREX MARKETING PRIVATE LIMITED	220	2.20	220	2.20
3.	ICICI BANK LTD	180	1.80	180	1.80
4.	MP STATE INDL.DEVE CORPORATION LTD	60	0.60	60	0.60
5.	MP LAGHU UDYOG LTD	420	4.20	420	4.20
6.	MPFINANCIAL CORPORATION LTD	60	0.60	60	0.60



7.	STATE BANK OF INDIA	320	3.20	320	3.20
8.	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA	160	1.60	160	1.60
9.	PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK	160	1.60	160	1.60
10.	INDIAN BANK	160	1.60	160	1.60
11.	UNION BANK OF INDIA	32	0.32	32	0.32
12.	BANK OF BARODA	64	0.64	32	0.32
13.	UCO BANK	32	0.32	32	0.32
14.	BANK OF INDIA	160	1.60	160	1.60
TOTAL		10000	100	10000	100

#### (iv) Shareholding pattern of top ten shareholders

(Other than Directors, Promoters & Holders of GDRs and ADRs) as on March 31, 2022- Not Applicable

#### (v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

S. NO.	Shareholding of each Directors and each Key Managerial Personnel		Shareholding at the beginning of the year				olding during
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company		
1	At the beginning of the year						
2	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase /decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc.):						
3	At the end of the year						



**V INDEBTEDNESS** - Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment.

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)				
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
* Addition				
* Reduction				
Net Change				
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)				



#### VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL-

#### A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

SNo.	Particulars of Remuneration	Managing Director Total Amount (in Rs.)		
	Mr. Debashis Gu	pta		
1		FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21	
	Gross Salary			
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section	48,06,239.00/-	44,53,298.00/-	
	17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961			
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax	0.00 0.00		
	Act, 1961			
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3)	0.00	0.00	
	Income- tax Act, 1961			
2	Stock Option	0.00	0.00	
3	Sweat Equity	0.00	0.00	
4	Commission	0.00	0.00	
5	Others (LTA)	0.00	0.00	
	Medical Expenses	0.00	0.00	
	Total	48,06,239.00/-	44,53,298.00/-	

#### **B.** Remuneration to Directors

SNo.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Director	Total Amount (in Rs.)
1	Director		0
1	Fee for attending Board/ Committee Meetings		0
	Commission		
	Others, please specify		
	Total (1)		0
2	Other Non-Executive Directors:		
	Fee for attending Board/ Committee Meetings	-	0
	Commission	0	0
	Others, please specify	0	0
	Total (2)	0	0
	Total (1+2)	0	0
	Total Managerial Remuneration		0

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#### C. Remurenation to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/WTD/Manager

S. No.	Particulars of Remuneration		4Ps other than [/Manager
1	Gross Salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act 1961	Nil	Nil
	(b) Value of perquisties u/s 17(2) if Income Tax Act, 1961	L Nil Nil	
	(c) Profit in lie of salary u/s 17(3) of IncomeTax 1961	Nil	Nil
2	Stock Option	Nil	Nil
3	Sweat Equity	Nil	Nil
4	Commission as %age of profit others specify	Nil	Nil
5	Others, please specify	Nil	Nil
	Total	Nil	Nil
	Ceiling as per the Act	Nil	Nil

#### VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made
A. COMPANY					
Penalty		$\square$			
Punishment					
Compounding					
<b>B. DIRECTORS</b>		· •			
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					
C. OTHER OFF	<b>CERS IN DEFA</b>	ÜLT			
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					

Place: Bhopal Date: 29/08/2022

S/d Ashutosh Singla (DIN: 06646775) Managing Director For and on behalf of the Board MPCON Limited

> S/d Sunil Kumar Bansal (DIN: 06922373) Director& Chairman

> > 28



#### **Annexure-II**

#### **MPCON LTD**

#### Form AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement showing details of related party transactions during the Twelve Months period ended on  $31^{st}$  March 2022

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis - NIL

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

S.	Name of the	Nature of	Nature of	Amount involve	ed (DR/CR) INR
No.	<b>Related Party</b>	Relation	Transaction	2021-22	2020-21
1.	IFCI LTD	Holding	1. Bills for project	NIL	NIL
		Company	Consultancy		
			2. Amount of	NIL	1,70,240.00
			Office premises		
			Rent		
			3. Travelling and	NIL	NIL
			other Expenses.		
			4. Salary	NIL	NIL
			Reimbursement		
			5. Manpower	46,37,408.00	NIL
			Consultancy		

S.	Name of the	Nature of	Nature of	Amount involve	ed (DR/CR) INR
No.	Related Party	Relation	Transaction	2021-22	2020-21
2.	MPCON Finestar	Related Non- Profit Organization	Advances Repayment	4,07,545.00	61,200.00

Place: Bhopal Date: 29/08/2022

S/d Ashutosh Singla (DIN: 06646775) Managing Director For and on behalf of the Board MPCON Limited

> S/d Sunil Kumar Bansal (DIN: 06922373) Director& Chairman



कार्यालय महानिदेश क लेखापरीक्षः उद्योग एवं कारपोरेट कार्य ए जी.सी.आर. भवन, आई.पी.एस्टेट नई दिल्ली– 110 002



OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF AUDIT INDUSTRY AND CORPORATE AFFAIRS A.G.C.R. BUILDING, I.P. ESTATE NEW DELHI- 110 002

संख्याः एएमजी-॥/2(455)वार्षिक लेखा/एमपीकॉन/

(2021-22)/2022-23/298-99

दिनॉकः 1 8 AUG 2022

सेवा में

अध्यक्ष, एमपीकॉन लिमिटेड, भूतल, राजीव गाँधी भवन-2, 35, श्यामला हिल्स, भोपाल- 462002

विषय: कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143 (6) (b) के अधीन 31 मार्च 2022 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए एमपीकॉन लिमिटेड के वार्षिक वित्तीय लेखों पर भारत के नियंत्रक एवं महालेखापरीक्षक की टिप्पणियाँ।

महोदय,

कंपनी अधिनियम 2013 की धारा 143(6) (b) के अंतर्गत 31 मार्च 2022 को समाप्त वर्ष के लिए

'एमपीकॉन लिमिटेड'' के वार्षिक लेखों पर उपरोक्त विषय संबंधित संलगन पत्र अग्रेषित है।

भवदीय,

(दीपक कपूर) महा निदेशक लेखा परीक्षा (उद्योग एवं कारपोरेट कार्य) नई दिल्ली

संलग्नक:- यथोपरि



#### COMMENTS OF THE COMPTROLLER AND AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(6) (b) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF MPCON LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The preparation of the financial statements of MPCON Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 in accordance with the financial reporting framework prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 is the responsibility of the management of the company. The statutory auditor appointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India under section 139(5) of the Act is responsible for expressing opinion on the financial statements under section 143 of the Act based on independent audit in accordance with the standards on auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act. This is stated to have been done by them vide their Revised Audit Report dated 4 July, 2022 which supersedes their earlier report dated 20 May 2022.

I, on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, have conducted a supplementary audit of the financial statements of MPCON Limited for the year ended 31 March, 2022 under section 143(6) (a) of the Act. This supplementary audit has been carried out independently without access to the working papers of the Statutory Auditor and is limited primarily to inquiries of the Statutory Auditor and company personnel and a selective examination of some of the accounting records. The Audit Report has been revised by the Statutory Auditor to give effects to two of my audit observations raised during supplementary audit.

In addition, I would like to highlight the following significant matter under Section 143(6)(b) of the Act which have come to my attention and which in my view is necessary for enabling a better understanding of the financial statements and the related audit report:

#### **Comments on Financial Position**

Balance Sheet Current Asset – Financial Assets – Others (Note No. 14) - ₹ 398.53 lakh Income Tax Refund Receivable: ₹ 196.24 lakh

Above includes ₹ 63.67 lakh (₹ 40.09 lakh for FY 2014-15 and ₹ 23.58 lakh for FY 2015-16) on account of TDS receivable.

Audit observed that the Income Tax Department (department) determined a refund of ₹ 22.91<sup>1</sup> lakh and ₹ 21.91<sup>2</sup> lakh for FY 2014-15 and 2015-16 respectively and adjusted the same against

<sup>1</sup> Vide order dated 01 August 2016 u/s 143(1) of Income Tax Act

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As per ITR filed by MPCON Limited on 16 October 2016 and acknowledged by the department. Copy of order u/s 143 (1) is not traceable as stated by the Company.

.



the outstanding demands of earlier FYs. The Company did not file any appeal against the adjustment of said refunds determined by the department.

In view of above, the Company should have adjusted the aforesaid TDS receivables against the tax expenses of the earlier years. Non-adjusting of the same has resulted in overstatement of other current financial assets and understatement of prior period expenditure by ₹ 63.67 lakh. Consequently, the profit for the year is also overstated to the same extent.

For and on behalf of the Comptroller & Auditor General of India

(Deepak Kapoor) Director General of Audit (Industry and Corporate Affairs) New Delhi.

Place: New Delhi Date: 1 8 AUG 2022



# **Management Representation to CAG Comment**

Refund for AY 15-16 and AY 16-17 is pending from department; however, the refund amount is adjusted from pending outstanding demand of earlier years which is under follow up with department and our tax consultant is to nullify the demand and release of refunds.



# SBCJ & ASSOCIATES

CA

CA Neeraj Singhai FCA, LLB, M.Com, DISA & FAFD (ICAI)

# **REVISED INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To The Members of MPCON Limited, Bhopal

#### Opinion

Our Audit Report dated 20 May 2022 on the accounts for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 has been revised to give effort to the observation made by the Comptroller & Auditor General of India in the supplementary audit carried out by them under section 143(6)(a) of the Companies Act 2013.

We have audited the financial statements of **MPCON Limited**, **Bhopal** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022, and the statement of Profit and Loss and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2022, its profit/loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date,

a) In the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the company as at March 31, 2022
b) In the case of the Profit and Loss Account, of the profit for the period ended on that date and
c) In the case of Cash Flow Statement, for the cash flows for the year ended on that date
d) And the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Ind Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have



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Indore + Ujjain + Badnawer (Dhar) + Chittorgarh (Raj.) + Bhubneshwar + Mumbai



determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

S. No.	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response	
1.	Nil	Nil	

#### Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following Notes to the financial statement, which describes:-

- a) Note 43 of the financial statements, which describe the uncertainty, related to the outcome of the Profit/Loss, suit filed against the company.
- b) Note 18 (i) of the financial statement a sum of Rs. 8,84,639/- related some entries of taxes, advances and exp. provisions are directly adjusted from the reserve and surplus.
- c) The company is not making the provision for Bad and doubtful sundry debtors.
- d) Please refer the annexure-A

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern





and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
of internal control.

 Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

 Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events
or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going
concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our
auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are
inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to
the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to
cease to continue as a going concern.

 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a constant of the standalone financial statements that,





knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the 'Annexure A', a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure B'.
  - g) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16), In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.





- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company does not disclosed the impact of pending litigation on its financial position in their financial statement, as they are contingent nature, pending litigations-refer note 42 to the financial statement.
  - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(c) Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material mis-statement.

- v. During the year by the Board of directors has proposed the Dividend of Rs. 30.00 Lakhs.
- As required by Section 143(5) of the companies Act 2013, our report on Directions & subdirections as issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India are reported in enclosed Annexure C and D respectively.





### Annexure 'A'

The Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 of Our Report on "Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements".

We report that:

 (a) (A) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment;

(B) The company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets;

- (b) As explained to us, Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification;
- (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company, except the following:-

Descriptio n of Property	Gross carryin g value	Held in name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held - indicate range, where appropriate	Reason fornot beingheld in name of company
			NIL		

- (d) The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- (e) As explained to us, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- (f) The company has Leasehold Land and the rights of the holding are cancelled by the competent authority on 03.07.2015 against which an appeal is preferred by the Company, however the original Title Deed is not in the possession of the Company. During the current financial year company has written off the value of land.
- (g) The company does not carry any inventories during the year hence, clause 2 is not applicable to the company.
- (h) The company has been not availed any working capital limits, year hence, this clause is not applicable to the company





- (ii) (a) During the year the company has not made investments in, nor provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prima facie prejudicial to the company's interest;
  - (c) There is no stipulation of schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest and therefore we are unable to comment on the regularity of repayment of principal & payment of interest.
  - (d)Since the terms of arrangement do not stipulate any repayment schedule we are unable to comment whether the amount is overdue or not.
  - (e) No loan or advance in the nature of loan granted which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties except following:

Name of Party	Amount renewed or extended	% of total loan	Remark, if any
	Níl		

- (f) The company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- (iii) In respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security, provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 have been complied with except non-charging of interest on the loan.
- (iv) The company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits covered under sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (v) As per information & explanation given by the management, maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act is not applicable on Company.



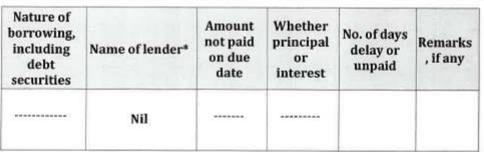


- (vi) (a) According to the records made available to us, company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanation given to us there were no outstanding statutory dues as on 31st of March, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) that have not been deposited on account of any dispute except following: (if applicable):

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where Dispute is pending	Remarks, if Any
Income Tax Act,1961	Disallowances under various heads	3.48 Lacs	A.Y. 2013-14	CIT (Appeals)	
Income Tax Act,1961	Non- consideration of credit of 26AS	6.83 Lacs	A.Y. 2009-10	CIT (Appeals)	
Income Tax Act,1961	Non- consideration of credit of 26AS	10.46 Lacs	A.Y. 2007-08	CIT (Appeals)	
Employees Provident Fund	Provident Fund	14.79 Lacs	FY 2017-18	High Court Jabalpur	

- (vii) According to the information and explanations given by the management, no transactions not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (viii) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of





interest thereon to any lender. Except following lenders \_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

- (b) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the company is not declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender;
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has utilized the money obtained by way of term loans during the year for the purposes for which they were obtained, except for:

Nature of the fund raised	Name of the lender	Amount diverted (Rs.)	Purpose for which amount was sanctioned	Purpose for which amount was utilized	Remarks
			Nil		

- (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, funds raised on short term basis have not been utilized for long term purposes.
- (e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures,
- (f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (ix) (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
  - (b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially convertible) during the year.





- (a) According to the information and explanations given by the management, no fraud by the company or any fraud on the company has been noticed or reported during the year;
  - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government;
  - (c)According to the information and explanations given to us by the management, no whistle-blower complaints had been received by the company
- (xi) The company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, clause xii is not applicable on the company.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements,
- (xiii)(a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the company have an satisfactory internal audit system.
- (xiv) On the basis of the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion during the year the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him.
- (xv) (a) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934).
  - (b) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934,
  - (c) In our Opinion and based on our examination, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the Group does not have any CIC as part of the Group.
- (xvi) Based on our examination, the company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xvii) There has been resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and we have taken into consideration the issues, objections or concerns raised by the outgoing auditors.
- (xviii) On the information obtained from the management and audit procedures performed and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected





dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date;

- (xix) Based on our examination, the provision of section 135 are not applicable on the company. Hence this clause is not applicable on the company.
- (xx) The company is not required to prepare Consolidate financial statement hence this clause is not applicable.





# Annexure 'B' Report on Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act. 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of MPCON LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.





Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

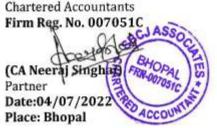
A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# For: S B C J & Associates





Annexure -C

#### Sub-Directions under section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year 2021-22

On the basis of the Books of accounts of the Company, the reply to the following questions and/ or information may be supplied:-

01.	Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If Yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.	Yes, the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system. The company does not have any accounting transaction outside IT System.
02.	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or case of waiver/ write off of debts/ loans/ interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? if yes, the financial impact may be stated. Whether such cases are properly accounted for?(In case , lender is a Government Company, then this direction is also applicable for Statutory Auditor of Lender Company).	No, the company has not taken any loan of any nature during the year under audit, hence reply of this point is not application.
03	Whether funds (Grants/Subsidy etc.) received /receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or its agencies were properly accounted for /utilized as per its terms and conditions? List the cases of deviation.	Yes, funds received /receivable for specific schemes from Central/State Government or it's agencies were properly accounted for /utilized as per its terms and conditions, No deviation noticed during the test check of audit.

For S B C J & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants ASSOCIA FRN: 007051C (CA Neeral Singhan) Partner MRN 403194 Place:-Bhopal Date: 04/07/2022 UDIN: 2403194AMHBNM2520



Annexure -IV

# Sub-Directions under section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year 2021-22

On the basis of the Books of accounts of the Company, the reply to the following questions and/ or information may be supplied:-

S. No.	Point	Reply
01	Investments Whether the titles of ownership in respect of CGS/ SGS/ Bonds/ Debentures etc. are available in physical/demat form and these, in aggregate, agree with the respective amounts shown in the Company's books of accounts? If not, details may be stated.	No such kind of investment made by the company during the period under audit, hence this point is not applicable.
02.	Loans In respect of provisioning requirement of all restructured, rescheduled, renegotiated loan whether a system of periodical assessment of realizable value of securities available against all such loan is in place and adequate provision has been created during the year? Any deficiencies in this regards, if any, may be suitably commented upon along with financial impact.	This point is not applicable.

For S B C J & ASSOCIATES

**Chartered Accountants** 4550 FRN: 007051C Hopie BHOPAL 200 (CA Neeraj Singhat) FRN-0070510 Partner MRN 403194 ED ACC Place:-Bhopal Date: 04/07/2022 UDIN: 2403194AMHBNM2520



Annexure -A

#### **Observations:-**

01. The Company is having not making provision for Bad and Doubtful Sunday Debtors.
 02. It is observed that as on 31.03.2022 the Sunday Debtors of Rs. 9,90,68,401/- were reported in balance sheet. The ageing of the sundry debtors is tabled below:-

Rs.	In	1 2	Ŀł
ns.	111	La	n.

Particulars	Total	Upto 6 Months	More than 6 Months to 1 Years	More than1 Year to 3 Years	More than 3 Years
Sundry Debtors	990.68	23.33	8.35	323.77	635.23

64.1% debtors value Rs. 635.23 Lakh, out of Total Debtors of value Rs. 990.68 Lakh, are ageing for more than 3 years. All these are operational debtors.

These are not admissible in to the court for recovery due to the provisions of the Limitation Act.

Management is to appoint the independent legal expert to get the status of the admissibility of the claim with respect to the provisions of the Limitation Act for the operational dues. Further the provision for bad debts needs to calculated and accounted for.

03. It is observed that as on 31.03.2022 the Sunday Creditors of Rs. 560.03 Lakh standing in balance sheet for more than three years. These creditors are directly related to the sundry debtors of Rs. 635.23 Lakh. These asset & liability are dependent on each other. The net position of these asset & liability is tabled below

Particulars	Ageing - More than 3 Years
Sundry Debtors	635.23
Sundry Creditors	560.03
Net Position	75.20

04. The company is having long outstanding amount in various heads as Advances from Customers, Deposits, Sundry Debtors and Sundry Creditors. All these are subjects to confirmation/verification.

Management is to appoint an independent agency to call the balance confirmation. All the parties shall be directly submitting the confirmations to the Statutory Auditors on the designated address by putting the pre-printed envelops.







# **SBCJ & ASSOCIATES** CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

CA Neeraj Singhai FCA, LLB, M.Com, DISA & FAFD (ICAI)

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# TO THE MEMBERS OF MPCON LIMITED, BHOPAL

# Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of MPCON LIMITED, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022, and the statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of Cash Flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the State of Affairs(financial position) of the Company as at 31st March, 2022 and its profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Key Audit Matters

We have further relied on reports provided to us by the Internal Auditors on matters relating to Internal Control Inspections along with other reports.

# Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



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**BRANCH OFFICES** : Indore 
Ujjain 
Badnawer (Dhar) 
Chittorgarh (Raj.) 
Bhubneshwar 
Mumbai



In connection with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw attention to the following Notes to the financial statements, which describes:-

- a) Note 43 of the financial statements, which describe the uncertainty, related to the outcome of the Profit/Loss, suit filed against the company.
- b) Note 18 (i) of the financial statement a sum of Rs. 8,84,639/- related some entries of taxes, advances and exp. provisions are directly adjusted from the reserve and surplus.
- c) The company is not making the provision for Bad and doubtful sundry debtors.
- d) Please refer the annexure-A
- Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies(Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.





### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
control.

 Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

 Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

 Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.





From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences o f doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the 'Annexure A', a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

The company does not maintain any books of accounts at the branch level, however all the transactions are dealt with at the head office.

- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the

Indian accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as amended.

- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in 'Annexure B'.
- g) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under section 197(16), In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under section 197(16) which esocutived to be commented upon by us.





- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company has not disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in their financial statements, as they are of contingent nature, pending litigations - refer note 42 to the Standalone Financial Statements.
  - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- As required by Section 143(5) of the companies Act 2013, our report on Directions & subdirections as issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India are reported in enclosed Annexure C and D respectively.

For S B C J & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants FRN 007051C (CA Neeraj Singbai FRN 007051C Partner MRN 403194 Place:-Bhopal Date: 20/05/2022 UDIN: 22403194AJLXFD7969



# ANNEXURE- A

# TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

In terms of information and explanation given to us and the books and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, We state that:-

- i) In respect of its fixed assets:
  - (a) The company has Leasehold Land and the rights of the holding are cancelled by the competent authority on 03.07.2015 against which an appeal is preferred by the Company, however the original Title Deed is not in the possession of the Company. During the current financial year company has written off the value of land.
  - b) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - c) As explained to us, fixed assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. As in informed to us no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.

(ii)

(a)The company does not carry any inventories during the year hence, clause 2 is not applicable to the company.

(b)Since the company does not carry any inventory during the year the procedures of physical verification of inventory is not applicable.

(c)The company does not carry any inventory; the maintenance of record of inventory is not required.

- (iii) The company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, hence the conditions of (a),(b),(c) are not applicable.
- (iv) The company has not granted any loan, made investment, given any guarantee and security under section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013.
- (v) The company has not accepted any deposits, and the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the rules framed there under, are not applicable. No contraventions have been noticed and no order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal.





- (vi) As informed by the management, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act.
- (vii) (a) According to the records of the company, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, GST, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues have been deposited on time with the appropriate authorities.

(b) The disputed statutory dues aggregating to Rs.35.56 Lacs (Rs. 31.50 Lacs Previous Year) have not been deposited on account of matters pending before appropriate authorities are as under:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues A.Y.	Forum where dispute is pending	Amount (Rs. in Lacs)
Income Tax Act	Income Tax 2013-14	CIT(Appeals)	3.48 Lacs
Income Tax Act	Income Tax 2009-10	CIT(Appeals)	6.83 Lacs
Income Tax Act	Income Tax 2007-08	CIT(Appeals)	10.46 Lacs
Employees Provident Fund	Provident Fund	High Court Jabalpur	14.79 Lacs

- (viii) The company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to a financial institution or bank or debenture holders.
- (ix) The Company has not issued any initial public offer or further public offer and not availed any term loans, hence its being applied for the purpose of taking the same is not applicable.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanation given to us ,no material fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year. Hence the nature and the amount involved is not applicable to the company.
- (xi) The Company is a Public Sector Government Company hence the provision of section 197 read with schedule V of the Companies Act 2013 regarding managerial remuneration is not applicable vide Ministry of Company Affairs notification. Dated 5<sup>th</sup> June 2015
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Hence reporting of this clause is not application.
- (xiii) The Company is having Related Party Transaction on behalf of it's Parent Company and others and it's disclosure as required under section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act 2013 and related Accounting Standard (Ind AS -24) is made vide Notes to the Accounts.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placements of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during year under review.





- (xv) The Company has not entered into non cash transaction with the directors or persons connected with him hence the provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act 2013 not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not a Non-Banking Financial Institution; hence registration under section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934 is not applicable.

For S B C J & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants FRN: 007051C (CA Neeraj Singhai) Partner MRN 403194 Place:-Bhopal Date: 20/05/2022 UDIN: 22403194AJLXFD7969



# ANNEXURE- B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

# (Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of MPCON LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence I/we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.





# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on "Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.





# Annexure -C

# Directions for the year 2021-22

 Whether the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If Yes, the implications of processing of accounting transactions outside IT system on the integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be stated.

Reply: Yes, the company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system. The company does not have any accounting transaction outside IT System.

2. Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or case of waiver/ write off of debts/ loans/ interest etc. made by a lender to the company due to the company's inability to repay the loan? if yes, the financial impact may be stated.

Reply: No, the company has not taken any loan of any nature during the year under audit, hence reply of this point is not application.

3. Whether funds received /receivable for specific schemes from Central/State agencies were properly accounted for /utilized as per its terms and conditions? List the cases of deviation

Reply: Yes, funds received /receivable for specific schemes from Central/State agencies were properly accounted for /utilized as per its terms and conditions, No deviation noticed during the test check of audit.





# Annexure -IV

# Sub-Directions under section 143(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year 2021-22

On the basis of the Books of accounts of the Company, the reply to the following questions and/ or information may be supplied:-

# 1. Investments

Whether the titles of ownership in respect of CGS/ SGS/ Bonds/ Debentures etc. are available in physical/demat form and these, in aggregate, agree with the respective amounts shown in the Company's books of accounts? If not, details may be stated.

Reply: No such kind of investment made by the company during the period under audit hence this point is not applicable.

# 2. Loans

In respect of provisioning requirement of all restructured, rescheduled, renegotiated loan whether a system of periodical assessment of realizable value of securities available against all such loan is in place and adequate provision has been created during the year? Any deficiencies in this regards, if any, may be suitably commented upon along with financial impact.

Reply: This point is not applicable.





# **Observations:-**

#### Annexure -A

- 01. The Company is having not making provision for Bad and Doubtful Sunday Debtors.
- 02. It is observed that as on 31.03.2022 the Sunday Debtors of Rs. 9,90,68,401/- were reported in balance sheet. The ageing of the sundry debtors is tabled below:-

Rs In Lakh

Particulars	Total	Upto 6 Months	More than 6 Months to 1 Years	More than1 Year to 3 Years	More than 3 Years
Sundry Debtors	990.68	23.33	8.35	323.77	635.23

64.1% debtors value Rs. 635.23 Lakh, out of Total Debtors of value Rs. 990.68 Lakh, are ageing for more than 3 years. All these are operational debtors.

These are not admissible in to the court for recovery due to the provisions of the Limitation Act.

Management is to appoint the independent legal expert to get the status of the admissibility of the claim with respect to the provisions of the Limitation Act for the operational dues. Further the provision for bad debts needs to calculated and accounted for.

03. It is observed that as on 31.03.2022 the Sunday Creditors of Rs. 560.03 Lakh standing in balance sheet for more than three years. These creditors are directly related to the sundry debtors of Rs. 635.23 Lakh. These asset & liability are dependent on each other. The net position of these asset & liability is tabled below

Rs. In Lak	h

Particulars	Ageing - More than 3 Years		
Sundry Debtors	635.23		
Sundry Creditors	560.03		
Net Position	75.20		

04. The company is having long outstanding amount in various heads as Advances from Customers, Deposits, Sundry Debtors and Sundry Creditors. All these are subjects to confirmation/verification.

Management is to appoint an independent agency to call the balance confirmation. All the parties shall be directly submitting the confirmations to the Statutory Auditors on the designated address by putting the pre-printed envelops.







#### MPCON LIMITED CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2022

Particulars	Note No.	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
ASSETS			A Market and Market and
1. Non - Current Assets	1 1		
a. Property, Plant and Equipment	2	14,57,599	18,69,11
b. Investment property	3	14,37,333	10,03,11
c. Other Intangible Assets	4	56,577	98.85
d. Financial Assets		20,207	30,0
i. Investments	5	1	
II. Trade Receivables	6	9,59,00,024	10,72,63,43
iii. Others	7	5,55,00,025	40,72,03,43
e. Other Non - Current Assets	8	50 B	
	1 * 1	9,74,14,199	10.92.31.44
2. Current Assets	1 1	3,74,14,133	10,92,31,44
a. Financial Assets	1 1		
i, investments	9		
ii. Trade Receivables	10	31,68,377	1.02.46.07
iii. Cash and cash equivalents	10	96,79,091	1,18,52,80
w. Bank Balance other than (iii) above	12	20,00,000	1,18,52,80
v. Loans & Advances	13		
vi. Others	14	1,46,39,205	1,95,94,08
b. Current Tax Assets (Net)	14	3,98,53,433	1,99,20,05
	15	1,20,93,865	1,19,06,01
c. Other Current Assets	10	1,38,674	10,90,92
		8,15,72,646	7,57,09,96
TOTAL ASSETS	+ +	17,89,86,846	18,49,41,40
	1 1		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1 1		
EQUITY	10000	20022000000	
a. Equity Share Capital	17	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,00
b. Other Equity	18	7,45,25,688	6,35,87,35
		8,45,25,688	7,35,87,35
LIABILITIES	1 1		
1. Non - Current Liabilities	1 1		
a. Financial Liabilities	4.04.0		
I. Borrowings	19	**.	
ii. Trade Payables	20	223	15
iii. Other Financial Liabilities	21	737	*
b. Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	22	-2,67,407	76,34
c. Other Non - Current Liabilities	23	-	
	1 0	-2,67,407	76,34
L Current Liabilities	1 1		
a. Financial Liabilities	1	1	
i. Borrowings	24		
ii. Trade Payables	25	7,00,06,108	7,79,27,24
III. Other Financial Liabilities	26	48,66,465	20,78,68
b. Other Current Liabilities	27	1,87,43,539	2,89,60,39
c. Provisions	28	11,12,453	23,11,39
2010/01/02/02		9,47,28,565	11,12,77,707
OTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		17,89,86,845	18,49,41,40

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 53

At per our report of even date attached CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS For: SBCJ & Associates 007051€ ES IOPAL N-00705:C TWAT CA Negraj Singha PARTNER ED ACCO M.No.403194

Date : 20.05.2022 Place : Bhopal FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

AST 22-(ASHUTOSH SINGLA) DIN : 06646775 MANAGING DIRECTOR

0 Bo

(SUNIL KUMAR BANSAL) DIN : 06922373 CHAIRMAN



# MPCON LIMITED CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

### STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS for the year ended 31st March 2022

Particulars	Note No.	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
Income	and the second	10000	11 million and 10 million
Revenue from Operations	29	76,04,02,072	70,94,12,15
Other Income	30	35,41,594	32,67,39
Total Income		76,39,43,666	71,26,79,54
Expenses	1000		2 00 10 15
Employee benefit expenses	31	2,69,13,233	3,00,49,15
Finance Costs	32		5,69,06
Depreciation and Amortization expenses	33	5,57,350	2000 - 2000 B
Other Expenses	34	71,88,05,258	66,84,61,68 69,90,79,90
Total Expenses	1	74,62,75,841	1,35,99,64
Profit / (Loss) before exceptional items and tax	-	1,76,67,825	1,33,33,04
Exceptional Items/Prior Period Items	35	-6,79,999	1.35,99,64
Profit / (Loss) before tax		1,09,87,820	1,33,33,04
Tax Expense		49,64,374	38,24,71
1. Current Tax	39 49	-2.241	(32,11
2. Deferred Tax	49	1,20,25,693	98,07,05
Profit / (Loss) for the period from continuing operations (A)		and the second s	98,07,05
PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD (A + B)		1,20,25,693	56,07,05
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
A. I. Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	36	100 cm month	12 60 70
a. Acturial Gain / (Loss)		(13,13,512)	(3,60,78
ii. Tax Effect of (i) above	11 12	(3,41,513)	The second se
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax (C)		(9,71,999)	(2,66,98
Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A +B +C)		1,10,53,694	95,40,07
Earnings per equity share in Rs. (for continuing and discontinued	37		264,502
1. Basic		1105.37	954.0
2. Diluted		1105.37	954.0

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 54

As per our report of even date attached For: SBCI & Associates CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN 007051C C FRN 007051C C FRN 007051C FNOPAL CA Need Singha PARTNER M.No.403194 Date : 20.05.2022 Place : Bhopal

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

(ASHUTOSH SINGLA) DIN: 06646775 MANAGING DIRECTOR



Bo (SUNIL KUMAR BANSAL)

(SUNIL KUMAR BANSAL DIN : 06922373 CHAIRMAN



# MPCON LIMITED

CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31st March 2022

#### A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(Amount in *)				
Particulars	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Share Capital Issued during the year	Share Capital redeemed during the year	Balance at the end of the reporting period
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	1,00,00,000	•	<ul> <li>N(1)</li> </ul>	1,00,00,000
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	1,00,00,000		¥.	1,00,00,000

#### B. OTHER EQUITY

	Reserves & Surplus		Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		(Amount in ₹)	
Particulars	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans	Others	Total	
Balance at 1st April, 2020	6,00,000	5,37,37,257	14,69,799		5,58,07,056	
Profit for the period		98,07,051	-		98,07,051	
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of tax		-	(2,66,980)		(2,66,980)	
Fixed Assets Written Off	84	(5,54,219)	1.000000000	2.	(5,54,219)	
Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	18	(10,00,000)		82	(10,00,000)	
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid		(2,05,553)	Sec.		(2,05,553)	
Balance at 31st March, 2021	6,00,000	6,17,84,536	12,02,818		6,35,87,355	
Profit for the period Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of tax		1,20,25,693	(9,71,999)		1,20,25,693	
Other items adjustments		8.84,639	12,74,9331		(9,71,999) 8,84,639	
Dividend Pald to Equity Shareholders		(10,00,000)			(10,00,000)	
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid		[soloo'oool			110,00,000)	
Balance at 31st March, 2022	6,00,000	7,36,94,858	2,30,820		7,45,25,688	

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 53

As per our report of even date attached For: SBCI & Associates n S C FRN 007051 DAT N-007051C 5 CANE PARTNER M.No.403194 DACCOUN

Date : 20.05.2022 Place : Bhopal 2

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

15

(ASHUTOSH SINGLA) DIN : 06646775 MANAGING DIRECTOR



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(SUNIL KUMAR BANSAL) DIN : 06922373 CHAIRMAN



# MPCON LIMITED

CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended 31st March 2022

Perticulars	For the year ended 31st March 2022	For the year ended 31st March 2021	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before Income Tax from	V4P02000359	100000000	
Continuing Operations	1,56,74,314	1,32,38,86	
Discontinuing Operations			
Profit before Income Tax including discontinued operations	1,56,74,314	1,32,38,86	
Adjustments For :	n in the		
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	5,57,350	5,69,06	
Profit on Sale of Fixed Assets		(1997)	
Investing Income classified as Investing Cash Flows	(7,70,323)	(5,53,27	
Operating Profit before working capital changes	1,54,61,342	1,32,54,65	
Change in operating assets and itabilities, net of effects from purchase of controlled			
entities and sale of subsidiaries :	10000000	725530	
Decrease / (Increase) : Financial Assets	25,62,616	4,88,52,17	
Decrease / (Increase) : Current Tax Assets	(1,87,851)	(26,91,765	
Decrease / (Increase) : Other Current Assets	9,52,255	21,95,78	
Increase / (Decrease) : Financial Llabilities	(51,33,348)	(3,31,02,25	
Increase / (Decrease) : Other Current Liabilities	(1,02,16,852)	(70,35,21	
Increase / (Decrease) : Non current Liabilities	8,84,639		
Increase / (Decrease) : Provisions	(11,98,942)	(97,35,18	
Cash Generated from Operations	31,23,860	1,17,47,19	
Income Taxes Paid	(49,64,374)	(38,24,71	
Net Cash inflow / (outflow) from Operating Activities (A)	(18,40,514)	79,22,47	
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Income from FDRs Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipment Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	7,70,323 (1,03,519)	5,53,27 {2,64,51	
Net Cash inflow / (outflow) from Investing Activities (B)	6,66,804	2,88,76	
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders Dividend Distribution Tax Paid	(10,00,000)	(10,00,000 (2,05,55)	
Net Cash Inflow / (outflow) from Financing Activities (C)	(10,00,000)	(12,05,553	
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C) Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the year	(21,73,710) 1,18,52,801	70,05,690 48,47,111	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year (D)	96,79,091	1,18,52,801	
teconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year Cash on Hand	10,706	12,175	
Cheques / Drafts on Hand		1015-201 To	
Ialances in Current / Savings Accounts with Banks	61,68,385	98,40,626	
Balances in Deposit Accounts with maturity less than 3 months	35,00,000	20,00,000	
fotal Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	96,79,091	1,18,52,803	
Dut of (D), significant cash and cash equivalent balances held by the entity that are not available for use Non Cash Financing and investing Activities	2		

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information in Notes 1 to 53

As per our report of even date attached ASSOCIA For: SBCJ & Associates ES 0070510 HOPAL \* INEL PRN-007051C a PARTNER PED ACCOUN M.No.403194

Date : 20.05.2022 Place : Bhopal

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

ASA (ASHUTOSH SINGLA) DIN : 06646775 MANAGING DIRECTOR

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(SUNIL KUMAR BANSAL) DIN : 06922373 CHAIRMAN





# MPCON LIMITED CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

# NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

#### as at 31st March 2022

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
	Gross Carrying Value	1 1	
	Opening Balance		
	a. Furniture and Fixtures	34,52,455	34,24,08
	b. Vehicles	10,24,894	10,24,89
	c. Office Equipment	49,76,188	49,12,08
	d. Others	9.35.288	8,90,19
		1,03,88,825	1,02,51,26
	Additions / (Sale) during the period		
	a. Furniture and Fixtures	32,000	28,36
- 22	b. Vehicles		
	c. Office Equipment	19,300	64,10
	d. Others	52,219	45,09
		1,03,519	1,37,56
	Closing Balance	100,000	2,01,00
	a. Furniture and Fixtures	34,84,455	34,52,45
	b. Vehicles	10,24,894	10,24,89
	c. Office Equipment	49,95,488	49,76,18
1	d. Others	9,87,506	9,35,28
		1,04,92,344	1,03,88,825
	Accumulated Depreciation	1,04,52,544	1,03,00,02:
	Opening Balance		
	a. Furniture and Fixtures	22,34,550	10.17.000
	b. Vehicles		18,17,898
	c. Office Equipment	9,88,034	9,87,926
NOTE 1	d. Others	47,96,902	42,13,203
No. 2	u. Others	5,19,978	4,25,213
	Depreciation for the period	85,39,465	74,44,239
	a. Furniture and Fixtures		
	b. Vehicles	2,51,818	4,16,653
			108
	c. Office Equipment	1,66,639	5,83,699
	d. Others	76,822	94,765
		4,95,280	10,95,226
	Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation		1.30.63/663
	a. Furniture and Fixtures	24,86,369	22,34,550
	b. Vehicles	9,88,034	9,88,034
	c. Office Equipment	49,63,541	47,96,902
	d. Others	5,96,801	5,19,978
		90,34,745	85,39,465
	LEASEHOLD PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	1 1	
	Gross Carrying Value	1 1	
	Opening Balance		
1	a. Land	19,754	19,754
		19,754	19,754
	Additions / (Sale) during the period		
	a. Land	-19,754	
		-19,754	
4	Closing Balance		
	a. Land	•2	19,754
	Net Carrying Value od Property, Plant and Equipment	14,57,599	18,69,114

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### MPCON LIMITED CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
	Gross Carrying Value		
	Opening Balance		
	Additions / (Sale) during the period	-	
	Closing Balance		
Note	Accumulated Depreciation		
No. 3	Opening Balance		
	Depreciation for the period		•
	Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation		
	Net Carrying Value		

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
	Gross Carrying Value		
	Opening Balance		
	a. Computer Software	1,26,950	· · ·
		1,26,950	
	Additions / (Sale) during the period		
	a. Computer Software		1,26,950
		-	1,26,950
	Closing Balance		1 36 050
	a. Computer Software	1,26,950	1,26,950
Note		1,26,950	1,26,950
No. 4	Accumulated Amortization		
	Opening Balance	28,057	
	a. Computer Software	28,057	
		28,057	
	Amortization for the period	42316.67	28,057
	a. Computer Software	42,317	28,057
	and a stand beautiful	42,527	
	Closing Balance of Accumulated Depreciation	70,373	28,05
	a. Computer Software	70,373	28,05
	Net Carrying Value	56,577	98,893







Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	NON - CURRENT INVESTMENTS		
	a. Investments in Equity Instruments		
	b. Investments in Preference Shares		
Note	Aggregate amount of Quoted Investments	2	
No. 5	Market Value of Quoted Investments		
	Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments		-
	Market Value of Unquoted Investments	1	5
- 1	Aggregate amount of Impairment in value of investments		

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	NON - CURRENT TRADE RECEIVABLES		
	a. Secured Considered Good		
	b. Unsecured Considered Good		
	i. Due over 12 months but less than 36 months	3,23,76,712	6,02,84,678
	ii. Other Trade Receivables	6,35,23,312	4,69,78,758
Note		9,59,00,024	10,72,63,436
No. 6	c. Doubtful	-	
	Gross Non - Current Trade Receivables	9,59,00,024	10,72,63,436
	Less : Provision for Bad / Doubtful Debts (Expected Credit Loss)		
	Net Non - Current Trade Receivables	9,59,00,024	10,72,63,436

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Note	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	C SE DOM NEDER DE LE CELENCE		•
No. 7			

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Note	OTHERS NON CURRENT ASSETS		
100000000			
No. 8			





### CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN) NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	CURRENT INVESTMENTS		
	a. Investments in Equity Instruments	1 1	
	b. Investments in Preference Shares		and the second se
			-
Note	Aggregate amount of Quoted Investments		×.
No. 9	Market Value of Quoted Investments	÷.	<b>(</b> 7)
	Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments	× .	23
	Market Value of Unquoted Investments		*
	Aggregate amount of Impairment in value of investments		1

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
1	CURRENT TRADE RECEIVABLES		
	a. Secured Considered Good	· · ·	
			-
	b. Unsecured Considered Good		
	i. Due over 6 months	8,35,488	11,31,418
	II. Other Trade Receivables	23,32,889	91,14,659
Note		31,68,377	1,02,46,077
	c. Doubtful		
No. 10			
	Gross Current Trade Receivables	31,68,377	1,02,46,077
	Less : Provision for Bad / Doubtful Debts (Expected Credit Loss)		-
	Net Current Trade Receivables	31,68,377	1,02,46,077







CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

### NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	61,68,385	98,40,626
	a. Balances with Banks	61,68,385	98,40,626
	b. Cheques and Drafts on Hand		
Note No. 11	c. Cash on Hand	10,706	12,175
NO. 11		10,705	12,175
	d. Others i. Deposits with maturity less than 3 months	35,00,000	20,00,000
		35,00,000	20,00,000
		96,79,091	1,18,52,801

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	BANK BALANCES OTHER THAN (iii) above Lien Marked Fixed Deposits	20,00,000	10,00,000
		20,00,000	10,00,000

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	SHORT TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES		
	a. Security Deposits and EMDs		
	i. Secured, considered good		
	ii. Unsecured, considered good	87,88,152	91,81,485
	iii. Doubtful		•
		87,88,152	91,81,485
1000	b. Loans to related parties		
Note			
No. 13	c. Other loans & Advances		
	i. Secured, considered good		
	ii. Unsecured, considered good	58,51,053	1,05,12,603
	iii. Doubtful	2885 JPC	-
	10000000	58,51,053	1,05,12,603
		1,46,39,205	1,96,94,088





Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN) NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS a. Advances to MPCON FINeSTAR		-
	b. Interest Accrued on Deposits	7,50,172	3,28,908
	c. Income Tax Refund Receivable	1,96,24,985	1,55,91,146
	<ul> <li>d. Fixed Deposits with maturity over 3 months but less than 1 yea</li> <li>e. Other fixed deposits</li> </ul>	1,34,78,276 60,00,000	40,00,000
		3,98,53,433	1,99,20,054

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Note	CURRENT TAX ASSETS a. Advance Tax b. Tax Deducted at Source c. MAT Credit Entitlement Less : Provision for Tax	1,70,58,239 - 49,64,374	- 1,57,30,728 - 38,24,713
		1,20,93,865	1,19,06,015

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	OTHERS CURRENT ASSETS		
	a. Capital Advances		
	<ul> <li>b. Advances Other than Capital Advances         <ol> <li>Security Deposits</li> </ol> </li> </ul>		-
	ii. Advances to related parties		: :
Mate	iii. Other Advances		
Note	1 Prepaid expenses	26,449	10,594
No. 16	23 0443	26,449	10,594
	c. Others		
	1 Cash Ledger Balance on GSTP		10,16,260
	2 TDS on GST Receivable	56,116	24,673
	3 GST Input Tax Credit	56,109	39,402
		1,12,225	10,80,335
	TOTAL	1,38,674	10,90,929







Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

#### as at 31st March 2022

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	EQUITY		
	Authorized Share Capital	and the second	
	10,000 (Previous year - 10,000) Equity Shares of Rs.1000/- each	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
		1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
	Issued Share Capital		100000000000
	10,000 (Previous year - 10,000) Equity Shares of Rs.1000/- each	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
		1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Note	Subscribed Share Capital		
No. 17	10,000 (Previous year - 10,000) Equity Shares of Rs.1000/- each	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
NO. 17		1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
	Paid Up Share Capital		
	Equity Share Capital	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	10,000 (Previous year - 10,000) Equity Shares of Rs.1000/- each	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
		1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
	TOTAL	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	OTHER EQUITY Share application money pending allotment Equity component of other Financial Instruments		:
No. 18	Reserve and Surplus Retained Earnings General Reserve Other Comprehensive Income	7,36,94,868 6,00,000 2,30,820 7,45,25,688	6,17,84,534 6,00,000 12,02,814 6,35,87,355

#### Note No. 18 (i)

Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Opening Balance	6,17,84,536	5,37,37,257
Net Profit for the period	1,20,25,693	98,07,051
Dividends distributed to Equity Shareholders (Rs. 100 per Equity Share)	-10,00,000	(10,00,000)
Dividend Distribution Tax Paid		(2,05,553)
Fixed/ Other Items Adjustments	8,84,639	(5,54,219)
Items of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings	(9,71,999)	(2,66,980)
Remeasurements of post - employement benefit obligations, net of taxes		Contraction of the local division of the loc
Closing Balance	7,36,94,868	6,17,84,536







Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

Note No. 18 (ii) General Reserve		
Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Opening Balance Addition / Reduction during the year	6,00,000	6,00,000
Closing Balance	6,00,000	6,00,000

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
24.23	LONG TERM BORROWINGS		-
Note No. 19		· ·	•

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	NON CURRENT TRADE PAYABLES		
Note			
No. 20			

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Note	OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES a. Deferred Income from Deposits b. Finance Lease Liability	127	:
No. 21	c. Security Deposits Received		

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET) a. Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of i. Due to depreciation ii. Others	-2,26,576	1,14,937
2002		-2,26,576	1,14,937
Note No. 22	<ul> <li>b. Deferred Tax Assets on account of</li> <li>i. Due to depreciation</li> <li>ii. Others</li> </ul>	40,831	38,590
		40,831	38,590
		-2,67,407	76,347





Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	OTHER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	•	
Note	OTHER NON CORRENT ENDERING		
No. 23			

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS	(s+)	
Note	SHORT TERM CORROTINGS		
No. 24			

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Note	CURRENT TRADE PAYABLES a. Micro , Small and Medium enterprises b. Trade Payable c. Expenses Payable	6,76,29,764 23,76,343 7,00,06,108	- 7,52,90,617 26,36,623 7,79,27,240

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES Security Deposits Received	48,66,465	20,78,680
		48,66,465	20,78,680







Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN) NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	and the second sec	1
	a. Advances Received	10,62,805	66,07,06
	b. Grant in Aid received for other training	1,53,35,180	2,08,87,51
	d. Liability for Capital Goods / Expenditure		*
2.2	e. Book Overdraft		
	c. Statutory Dues		
	i. Gratuity Payable		
Note No. 27	ii. Employer's PF Payable	1,04,010	1,26,04
	iii. Employees PF Payable	1,04,010	1,26,04
	iv. Employees Income Tax (TDS) Payable	91,300	1,03,22
	v. Employees LIC Payable		
	v. Employees Professional Tax Payable	3,982	3,78
	vi. Goods & Service Tax Payable	1,76,341	
	vii. Other TDS Payable	18,49,911	11,06,72
11	ix. Leave Encashment		
	d.Others Dividend payable	16,000	
		1,87,43,539	2,89,60,39

Note No.	Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
-	SHORT TERM PROVISIONS		
	Provision for employee benefit		
Note	Gratuity	11,37,092	16,36,945
No. 28	Leave Encashment	-24,639	6,74,450
	Others		
		11,12,453	23,11,395

Note No.	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS a. Project Consultancy	6,90,90,172	10,00,14,032
110.20	b. Manpower Consultancy c. Entrepreneurship Development Programme d. Other Operating Revenue	61,24,31,456 7,85,22,668 3,57,776	57,93,36,258 2,96,34,192 4,27,669
		76,04,02,072	70,94,12,151







Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

### NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

Note No.	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
	OTHER INCOME		
	a. Interest Income	7,70,323	5,53,274
	i. Earned and Accrued on Deposits ii. Interest on Income Tax	12,07,992	
Note No. 30		19,78,315	5,53,274
	b. Other Non - operating income		
	c. Excess Provision written back	15,63,279	27,14,124
	TOTAL	35,41,594	32,67,398

Note No.	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
	EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES a. Salaries and Wages	2,12,55,549	2,31,12,787
	b. Contribution to Provident Fund / ESIC	14,12,456	16,52,344
	c. Group Mediclaim / Insurance / Expenses	5,08,013	5,35,223
Note	d. Staff Welfare Expenses	5,73,923	7,23,054
	e. Gratuity (including Interest & Service Cost)	10,40,147	11,70,781
No. 31	f. Leave Encashment (including Interest & Service Cost)	12,76,543	18,85,918
	g. Conveyance , Telephone & Newspaper Allowances	8,46,602	9,69,050
		2,69,13,233	3,00,49,157

Note No.	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Note	FINANCE COST	;	
No. 32			





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### MPCON LIMITED CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

### NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

Note No.	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		
	a. Depreciation on Tangible Assets i. Property, Plant and Equipment	4,95,280	5,41,007
	b. Amortization on Intangible Assets	42,317	28,057
Note		5,37,596	5,69,064
No. 33	IMPAIRMENT		
	a. Impairment of Land	19,754	14
		19,754	
		5,57,350	5,69,064

Note No.	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
	OTHER EXPENSES		
	a. Rent	12,82,052	12,84,38
	b. Repairs, Maintenance and Consumables	5,09,709	3,91,63
	c. Electricity	2,45,207	2,18,98
	d. Travelling & Conveyance	3,32,005	1,68,98
	e. Printing & Stationery	3,12,000	4,00,70
	f. Postage & Telephone	1,87,942	1,54,18
	g. Vehicle Upkeep & Running	37,629	63,05
10	h. Books, Periodicals & Subscriptions	11,367	15,11
( i)	I. Audit Fees		65130938
1	Internal Audit Fees	1,00,000	1,40,00
Note No. 34	Statutory Audit Fees	61,500	69,00
	Tax Audit Fees	15,000	15,00
	j. Business Development Expenses	2,89,603	7,31,14
	k. Legal & Professional Expenses	2,16,500	6,33,50
	I. Advertisement	1,650	1,65
	m, Bank Charges	18,786	15,85
	n. Board Meeting Expenses	1,250	50
	o. Director Sitting Fees	5,000	15,00
	p. General Expenses	1,35,851	96,14
	g. EDP Expenses	6,52,14,494	1,86,84,17
	r. Consultancy Expenses		11 1073539757
	I. Professional Fees	5,10,11,874	7,92,85,27
	ii. Manpower Consultancy Expenses	59,38,23,561	56,19,34,54
	s. Bad Debts written off	49,92,278	41,42,85
		71,88,05,258	66,84,61,68





### Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN) NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET

Note No.	Particulars	March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
	EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS/PRIOR PERIOD ITEMS	6427624	
Note a	a. Service Tax	(93,400)	-
10	b. Goods and Service Tax	(5,86,599)	
No.35		(6,79,999)	

Note No.	Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Note No.36	ITEMS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT AND LOSS a. Acturial Gain / (Loss) b. Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	(13,13,512)	(3,60,784)
		(13,13,512)	(3,60,784)
	Less: Tax on Above	(3,41,513)	
		(9,71,999)	(2,66,980)







CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2022

#### Note No. 37 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

(Amount in ₹) For the Year ended 31st For the Year ended Particulars March 2021 31st March 2022 Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders (in Rs.) 1,10,53,694 95,40,071 10,000 10,000 Weighted Average No. of Equity Shares 1,000.00 1,000.00 Face Value per Equity Share (in Rs.) 1,105.37 954.01 Basic and Diluted Earning Per Share (in Rs.)

#### Note No. 38 - AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Audit Fees	61,500	69,000
Tax Audit Fees	15,000	15,000
TOTAL	76,500	84,000

#### Note No. 39 - TAX EXPENSES

For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
49,64,374	38,24,713
-	
49,64,374	38,24,713
(3,43,754)	(1,25,922)
46,20,620	36,98,791
	31st March 2022 49,64,374 - - 49,64,374 (3,43,754)





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CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2022

#### Note No. 40 - SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company operates in three reportable business segment namely 'Project Consultancy' comprising of various projects related consultancy, TEV studies, Feasibility Studies and Valuations etc. and in 'Manpower Provisioning' comprising of providing manpower all skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled to government offices and in 'EDP Training Programme' comprising of providing

Entreprenurial Trainings and Development programmes. Hence the segment wise disclosure as required by Ind AS - 108 is as . under:

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		Divisio	on	(Amount in ₹ in Lacs)
Particulars	Project Consultancy	Manpower Provisioning	EDP Training Programme	Consolidated Total
SEGMENT REVENUE Sales Other Income	690.90 3.54	6,124.31 31.42	785.23 4.03	7,600.44 38,99
Total Revenue	694.45	6,155.74	789.26	7,639.44
SEGMENT EXPENSES Operating Expenses Depreciation Allocated	510.12 0.40	5,938.24 4.66	652.14 0.51	7,100.50 5.57
Operating Profit	183.93	212.84	136.60	533.36
Non-Operating Expenses Unallocated Costs	30.19	34.94	22.42	87.55 275.93
Profit Before Tax	153.73	177.90	114.18	169.88
OTHER INFORMATION Segmental Assets Segmental Liabilities	606.54 606.54	701.88 701.88	450.46 450.46	1,758.88 1,758.88







CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502 Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

> NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2022

#### Note No. 41 - RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

#### I. Name of the related parties and description of relationship -

A. Enterprises having significant influence over the company IFCI Limited - Holding Company

MPCON FINeSTAR - Registered Society funded by MPCON Limited

#### B. Key Managerial Personnel (Directors during the FY 2021-22)

- Mr.Sunil Kumar Bansal Chairman (Appointment w.e.f. 16.06.20)
- Mr. Ashutosh Singla Managing Director (Appointment w.e.f. 05.05.2022)
- Mr. Debashis Gupta Managing Director (Appointment w.e.f. 01.04.2020 and ceased w.e.f 04.05.2022)
- Mr. Rajeev Uberoi (Ceased w.e.f. 02.09.2021)
- Mr. Rajendra Gargava (Ceased w.e.f. 10.06.2021)
- Mr. Rajiv Kumar Saxena (Ceased w.e.f. 05.06.2021)
- Mr.Praveen Kumar Jain (Ceased w.e.f. 14.10.2021)
- Mr. Shriram Dattatray Madhurkar (Appointment w.e.f.23.10.2019)
- Mr. Arun Kumar Goyal (Appointment w.e.f.06.09.2021)
- Mr. Santhi Chilumuri (Appointment w.e.f.08.11.2021)
- Mr. Rajendra Kumar Raikwar (Appointment w.e.f.04.08.2021)
- Mr. Swaminathan Giridhar (Appointment w.e.f.04.08.2021)
- Mr. Lokesh Krishna (Appointment w.e.f.30.09.2021)
- Mr. Vishnu Kumar Gupta (Appointment w.e.f.02.12.2021)

#### C. Key Managerial Personnel (Directors during the FY 2020-21)

Mr.Sunil Kumar Bansal - Chairman (Appointment w.e.f. 16.06.20)

- Mr.Prasoon Chairman cum Nominee Director (Retired w.e.f. 16.06.20)
- Mr. Debashis Gupta Managing Director (Appointment w.e.f. 01.04.2020)
- Mr. Rajeev Uberoi (Appointment w.e.f.26.10.2018)
- Mr. Rajendra Gargava (Appointment w.e.f.26.10.2018)
- Mr. Rajiv Kumar Saxena (Appointment w.e.f.15.07.2019)
- Mr.Praveen Kumar Jain (Appointement w.e.f.23.10.2019)

Mr. Shriram Dattatray Madhurkar (Appointment w.e.f.23.10.2019)







CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2022

II. Details of transactions with enterprises having significant influence over the company (FY 2020 - 21)

	111	(All	nount in <)
Nature of Transaction	Holding Company (IFCI Limited)	MPCON FINeSTAR	Total
FINANCE			
Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	7,97,200	4	7,97,20
INCOME			
EXPENSES			
Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on	44,53,298	-	44,53,298
deputation	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Rent of Premises (exclusive of GST)	1,70,240	-	1,70,240
LIABILITIES			
ASSETS			
OTHER TRANSACTIONS			
Advances Repayment (Payment made on behalf of MPCON FINeSTAR)		61,200	61,200

## ii. Details of transactions with enterprises having signifcant influence over the company (FY 2021 - 22)

Nature of Transaction	Holding Company (IFCI Limited)	MPCON FINeSTAR	Total
FINANCE			
Dividend Paid to Equity Shareholders	7,97,200	÷	7,97,200
INCOME			
Manpower Consultancy to IFCI Ltd	46,37,408		46,37,408
Received			
EXPENSES			
Remuneration (including benefits) for staff on	48,06,239		48,06,239
deputation	100		
LIABILITIES			
ASSETS			
OTHER TRANSACTIONS			
Advances Repayment (Payment made on behalf of MPCON FINeSTAR)		4,07,545	4,07,545







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Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2022

iii. Details of transactions with KMPs during the year

(Amount in ₹)

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
i. Managing Director		
a. Short term employee benefits	48,06,239	44,53,298
b. Other long term employee benefits		
TOTAL	48,06,239	44,53,298

#### Note No. 42 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### i. Interest Rate Risk Management

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Interest rate used to determine fair value of Financial Instruments is 3 Years average MCLR of State Bank of India as at 15.03.2022. The same is subject to review at every financial year close. The company has no borrowings, hence incremental borrowing rate is not available.

ii. Break up of Financial Instruments carried at fair value through Profit and Loss

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Trade Receivables	9,90,68,401	
Other Financial Assets	3,98,53,433	1,99,20,054
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Other Financial Liabilities	48,66,465	
Total	14,37,88,299	13,95,08,247

#### iii. Break up of Financial Instruments carried at amortised costs

iii. Break up of Financial Instruments carried at amortised costs		(Amount in ₹)
Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	96,79,091	
Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	20,00,000	
Loans	1,46,39,205	1,96,94,088
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Trade Payables	7,00,06,108	
TOTAL	9,63,24,404	11,04,74,130
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CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2022

### Note No. 43 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

#### Note No. 43 (i) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

		(Amount in ₹
Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
(a) of the Common ast acknowledged as Debte		
(A) Claims against Company not acknowledeged as Debts (B) Bank Guarantees provided		
(C) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed		
(i) On Capital		
(ii) On Revenue Account (net of advances) and not provided for		2
(D) Export obligations under Licenses		-
(E) The Company has Contingent Liability towars Income Tax is as under -		

### Note No. 43 (ii) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES TOWARDS INCOME TAX

1	Assessment Year	Amount (in Rs.)
1	2013 - 14	3,48,360.00
	2009-10	6,82,650.00
	2007-08	10,45,700.00

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Note No. 43 (iii) - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES FOR LEGAL CASES

Particulars	Nature of dues	Litigation Pending Before	Expected financial Implication
Shri Prahalad Kumar Kanojiya,	Salary	High Court Jabalpur	Rs.25000/-
R.K.Swarankar	Salary,Leave Encashment & gratuity	High Court Jabalpur	Not Estimated
U S Tiwari, D P Sharma and G P Ahirwar	Salary	M.P. Industrial Dispute Tribunal , Indore	Rs.740000/-
Employees Provident Fund Orgn. Bhopal	Provident Fund	High Court Jabalpur	Rs.1478984
Ritu Narula	Reinstatement of Job	High Court Jabalpur	Not Estimated





Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2022

### Note No. 44 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

#### Note No. 44 (i) - Defined benefit plans

Brief Description: A general description of the type of Employee Benefits Plans is as follows:

#### 1. Earned Leave (EL) Benefit

Salary - Last drawn qualifying salary Accrual - 33 days per year Maximum Accumulation - 33 days Encashment while in service - 100% of earned leave balance, subject to maximum 33 days per year Encashment on retirement - Maximum upto 33 days or actual accumulation, whichever is less

#### 2. Gratuity

Salary - Last drawn qualifying salary Accrual - 15 days salary for each completed year of service Vesting Period - 5 years of service Limit - Maximum of INR 20,00,000

#### Note No. 44 (ii) - The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows -Assumptions as at March 31, 2022

March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	Particulars	S. No.
		Gratuity	
6.40	6.86%	Discount rate	1.
6,85,14	8,92,070	Expected return on plan assets	2.
Ν	N.A.	Annual increase in costs	3.
8.00	0.08	Annual increase in salary	4.
		Leave Encashment	
6.40	0.07	Discount rate	5.
4,61,2	5,25,152	Expected return on plan assets	6.
P	N.A.	Annual increase in costs	7.
8.00	8%	Annual increase in salary	8.

Note No. 44 (iii) - The discount rate is based upon the market yield available on Government bonds at the Accounting date with a term that matches. The salary growth takes account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factor on long term basis. Expected rate of return on plan assets is based on market expectation, at the beginning of the year, for return over the entire life of the related obligation.









#### CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2022

#### Note No. 45 - Disclosure u/s 22 of MSMED Act, 2006

i. The company has requested information from all its vendors regarding their status of registration in accordance with the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("The Act"). Out of the same, vendors who did not send any confirmation have been taken to be non MSME vendors. Further, probability of vendors being under the MSME Category is negligible as mostly debtors are government departments / entities. Disclosure required under Section 22 of the MSMED Act, 2006 is as under -

Particulars	For the Year ended 31st March 2022	For the Year ended 31st March 2021
Principal amount due to suppliers registered under the Act and remaining		
unpaid as at year end		
Interest due to suppliers registered under the Act and remaining unpaid as at		
year end		
Principal amounts paid to suppliers registered under the Act, beyond the		
appointed day during the year		
Interest paid other than under Section 16 of the Act to suppliers registered		
under the Act, beyond the appointed day during the year		
Interest paid under Section 16 of the Act to suppliers registered under the Act,		
beyond the appointed day during the year		
Interest due and payable towards suppliers registered under the MSMED Act,		
2006 for payments already made		41 - A
Further interest remaining due and payable for earlier years		

#### Note No. 46 - IMPAIRMENT LOSSES

As approved by the management of the company Rs.19754/-(Leasehold Land) has been transferred to Impairment Loss, as the company has lost the case in the court of Law, and the said land is no more the property of the company.







(Amount in F)

#### MPCON LIMITED

CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502

Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2022

#### Note No. 47

The Company has continued to act as a Nodal Agency for the implementation of Various Government Programmes. Some of the major amounts sanctioned during the Financial Year 2021 - 22 are as follows -

SN	Name of Sponsor Agency	Sanction
1	District Mineral Foundation Trust (DMF)-Damoh	2,35,67,000
2	Chhattisgarh Building and Other Construction Workers Welfare (CGBOCW)	1,33,00,000
3	MP State Open School, Bhopal	1,14,56,541
4	Chhattisgarh Mineral Development Corporation Ltd	59,26,010
5	MP Council of Employment & Training (MPCET)	25,28,883
6	Madhya Pradesh Special and Residential Academic Society (MPSARAS)	33,80,432
7	MP Council of Science & Technology	16,94,915
8	District Mineral Foundation Trust (DMF)-Katni	60,06,000
9	Directorate of Public Instruction	12,00,00,000
10	Department of Planning and Statistics-Shahdol	45,52,945
	TOTAL	19,24,12,726

#### Note No. 48 - DUES TO SMALL SCALE INDUSTRIAL UNDERTAKINGS

There are no dues payable to Small Scale Industrial Undertakings as defined under Industries (Development & Regulation) Act, 1951 as at the period end.

#### Note No. 49 - DEFERRED TAX ASSETS / LIABILITIES

	(Amount in s)	
Particulars	As at 31st March 2022	As at 31st March 2021
Deferred Tax Assets / Liabilities		
Opening Balance Deferred Tax Liabilities	76,347	2,02,269
Net Additions	(3,43,754)	-1,25,922
Net Deferred Tax Liabilities	(2,67,407)	76,347

#### Note No. 50 - CONFIRMATIONS

Balances of Trade Receivables and Trade Payables are confirmed by majority of parties.







CIN: U74140MP1979GOI001502 Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### NOTES FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March 2022

#### Note No. 51 - IMPACT OF COVID - 19

In the opinion of the management, the current circumstances arising out of COVID-19 are not expected to have any material financial impact on the entity and that no material uncertainties related to going concern exist for the entity.

#### Note No. 52

Previous period figures have been regrouped / rearranged / reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable to the current year's presentation.

Note No. 53 The notes referred to above form an integral part of the Financial Statement.

#### Note No. 54 - APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the company for the year ended March 31, 2022 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 20.05.2022

As per our report of even date attached For: SBCJ & Associate CHARTERED ACC FRM CA Ne eraj Singha PARTNER RED M.No.403194

Date : 20.05.2022 Place : Bhopal FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

(ASHUTOSH SINGLA) DIN : 06646775 MANAGING DIRECTOR

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(SUNIL KUMAR BANSAL) DIN : 06922373 CHAIRMAN





Regd. Office: GF - 35, Rajeev Gandhi Bhawan - 2, Shyamla Hills, Bhopal, M.P. - 462 002 (IN)

#### NOTES TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### CORPORATE AND GENERAL INFORMATION

MPCON Limited ("the Company"), is a professionally managed Technical Consultancy Organization Promoted by Apex Financial Institutions, PSU Banks and various State Govt. Corporations. Established in 1979, it is the premier consulting organization in Central India, and has consistently endeavoured to provide quality consulting services and created a niche market for itself. The key element of MPCON's progress has been to constantly diversify its portfolio and add new services with the requisite competence.

The core expertise of the company lies in executing project consultancy assignments and training & capacity building in the field of livelihoods promotion. MPCON promotes entrepreneurship in the state of M.P. & Chhattisgarh and provides need based consultancy services including Consultancy on IT, Environment & Energy Projects, Rehabilitation Studies for Sick Units, Consultancy on Agro-based & Food processing industries.

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 have been prepared by the Company in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time, in this regard.

Further, the financial statements comply in all material aspects with the Indian Accounting Standards (IndAS) including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act).

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements.

#### 1.2 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts have been denominated in INR and rounded off to the nearest two decimals, except where otherwise indicated.





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#### 1.3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention, except for the following material items:

· Financial assets at FVTOCI that is measured at fair value

· Financial instruments at FVTPL that is measured at fair value

 Net defined benefit (asset) / liability - fair value of plan assets less present value of defined benefit obligation

#### 1.4 USE OF JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although, such estimates and assumptions are made on a reasonable and prudent basis taking into account all available information, actual results could differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years.

#### 1.5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND INVESTMENT PROPERTY

#### 1.5.1 Recognition and measurement

<u>Property, Plant and Equipment</u> is initially measured at cost of acquisition/construction including any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Property, plant and equipment held for use or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes non-refundable taxes, duties, freight and other incidental expenses related to the acquisition and installation of the respective assets.

Property, Plant and Equipment acquired as replacement of the existing assets are capitalized and its corresponding replaced assets removed/ retired from active use are derecognized.

If the cost of the replaced part or earlier inspection is not available, the estimated cost of similar new parts/inspection is used as an indication of what the cost of the existing part/ inspection component was when the item was acquired or inspection was carried out.

After initial recognition, Property, Plant and Equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.







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In the case of commissioned assets, deposit works/cost – plus contracts where final settlement of bills with contractors is yet to be affected, capitalization is done on provisional basis subject to necessary adjustments in the year of final settlement.

Spares parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment which meets the recognition criteria of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized.

<u>Investment properties</u> include those portions of land and buildings that are held for long-term rental yields and/or for capital appreciation or for a currently indeterminate use. Investment properties include properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties (if any).

Investment properties are stated at cost of acquisition / construction less accumulated depreciation. On disposal of an investment property, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Method of Depreciation used is Straight Line Method and the useful life of the asset taken is 60 years.

On the date of transition to IndAS, the Company has considered the carrying value of Investment Properties(if any) as per previous GAAP to be the deemed cost as per Ind AS 101.

<u>Intangible assets</u> are measured on initial recognition at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Government licenses essential for the company's operations and having a validity of over one year are initially recognised at cost and carried at cost less accumulated amortisation calculated on the basis of remaining validity period.

An item of Intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.





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#### 1.5.2 Depreciation / Amortization

Depreciation is provided using the Straight Line Method over their estimated useful life as prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or based on Management assessment of useful life, if lower than what is prescribed under the schedule (Plant and Machinery – Useful Life of 5 years). Depreciation is calculated on pro – rata basis, including the month of addition and excluding the month of sale/disposal. Leasehold improvements are amortised over the underlying lease term on a straight line basis. Residual value in respect of items of Property, Plant & Equipment and Investment Property are considered as 5% of the cost. Property, Plant and Equipment costing less than Rs. 5000/- individually are charged to the statement of Profit & Loss Account in the year of their purchase itself.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible Assets consisting of Computer software with indefinite period utility / user rights and having a useful life lasting with that of the equipment have been capitalized with the cost of computer. Software carrying an identifiable utility of at least three years is amortized on a straight line basis over a period of three years from the date of put into use. Software with limited edition / period utility i.e. requiring annual revision is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss Account in the year of purchase. Government licenses (if any) are amortized on a straight line basis over a period of their validity.

#### 1.5.3 De - Recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intangible assets is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment or investment property is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.5.4 Transition to Ind AS

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its Property, Plant and Equipment, Investment Property and Intangible Assets recognised as of the transition datemeasured as per the previous GAAP and use such carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date as per Ind AS 101.





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#### 1.6 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 1.7 IMPAIRMENT OF NON - FINANCIAL ASSETS

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amount of its non – financial assets (other than assets held for sale and deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that is largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs. The 'recoverable amount' of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. 'Value in use' is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit and loss. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

#### 1.8 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

Assets are classified as held for sale if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use.

Such assets measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell with gains and losses on re-measurement recognised in profit or loss. Once classified as held for sale, assets are no longer amortised, depreciated or impaired.





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#### 1.9 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Investments in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures are carried at cost. The cost comprises price paid to acquire investment and directly attributable cost. On each reporting date, consequent upon existence of any external or internal indication to impairment, the impairment loss shall be recognised as difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount.

#### 1.10 INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. The quantity and valuation of inventories at the yearend (if any) is taken as physically verified value and certified by the management.

#### 1.11 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents comprise Cash in hand, Balances in Bank Account, Remittance in Transit, Cheques in hand and Demand Deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments (original maturity less than 3 months) that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.





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#### 1.12 LEASES (IN ACCORDANCE WITH IND AS 116)

The company identifies lease as a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The company checks for conditions needed to be fulfilled if the contract is to be classified as lease as under:

- i. Identified asset.
- ii. Lessee obtains substantially all of the economic benefits
- iii. Lessee directs the use

#### 1.12.1 The Company as a Lessee

- The company recognizes assets and liabilities for all leases for a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value.
- It then recognizes a right of use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments.
- The company measures right-of-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets (such as property, plant and equipment) and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities.
- iv. The company recognizes depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability.
- v. Lease liability = Present value of lease rentals + present value of expected payments at the end of lease. The lease liability will be amortized using the effective interest rate method.
- vi. Lease term = non-cancellable period + renewable period if lessee reasonably certain to exercise.
- vii. Right to use asset = Lease liability + lease payments (advance)-lease incentives to be received if any initial + initial direct costs + cost of dismantling / restoring etc. The asset will be depreciated as per Ind AS 16 Property Plant and equipment.

#### 1.12.2 The Company as a Lessor

- i. The company classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.
- ii. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards, incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. For finance leases, the company derecognizes the underlying asset and recognizes a net investment in the lease.
- iii. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. For operating leases, the company continues to recognize the underlying asset.
- iv. Any selling profit or loss is recognized at lease commencement.





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### 1.13 PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES RELATED TO CLAIMS, LITIGATION etc.

#### 1.13.1 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are determined based on management estimates required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted. Unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 1.13.2 Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### 1.13.3 Arbitration Awards

Arbitration / Court's awards along with related interest receivable/payable are, to the extent not taken into account at the time of initiation, are recognized after it becomes decree. Permanent Machinery of Arbitration, Government of India, is accounted for on finalization of award by the appellate authority. Interest to/from in these cases are accounted when the payment is probable which is the point when matter is considered settled by management.

#### 1.13.4 Liquidated Damages

Liquidated Damages / Compensation for delay in respect of clients/ contractors, if any, are accounted for when payment is probable which is the point when matter is considered settled by management.





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#### 1.14 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

#### 1.14.1 Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

#### 1.14.2 Contingent Assets

Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### 1.15 SHARE CAPITAL AND OTHER EQUITY

Share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from retained earnings, net of any related income tax benefits.

Other components of equity include Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) arising from actuarial gain or loss on re-measurement of defined benefit liability and return on plan assets.

Retained earnings include all current and prior period retained profits. All transactions with owners of the parent are recorded separately within equity. Annual dividend distribution to shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividend is approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend payable and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.





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#### 1.16 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 1.16.1 Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

#### 1.16.2 Classifications and Subsequent Measurement

#### (i) Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ('FVTOCI') or FVTPL, depending on the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets and the Company's business model for managing the financial assets.

#### (ii) Business Model Assessment

The Company makes an objective assessment of the business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level, because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

 The stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. In particular, whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest revenue, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the liabilities that are funding those assets or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;

The frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its
expectations about future sales activity. However, information about sales activity is not considered
in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Company's stated objective for
managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realized;

 The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.





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### 1.16.3 Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purpose of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company applies judgement and considers all the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains any contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the said assessment, the Company considers prepayment and extension terms, features that modify consideration of the time value of money (e.g. periodical reset of the interest rates).

#### 1.16.4 Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

A Financial Asset is measured at amortised cost only if both of the following conditions are met:

 It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.

The contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely
payments of principal and interest.

Subsequently, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method less any impairment losses.

### 1.16.5 Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income ('FVTOCI')

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI only if both of the following conditions are met:

 It is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

The contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely
payments of principal and interest.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in other comprehensive income. Impairment losses on said financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income and do not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the balance sheet.





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### 1.16.6 Financial assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Any financial instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorisation as at amortised cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account.

#### 1.16.7 Investment in equity instruments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 (i.e. other than equity investments in subsidiaries / associates / joint ventures) are measured at FVTPL.

Subsequently, these are measured at fair value and changes therein, are recognised in profit and loss account. However, on initial recognition of an equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment by investment basis.

### 1.16.8 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or amortised cost, as appropriate and is accordingly accounted for.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company is recognised at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable transaction costs."

#### 1.16.9 Measurement Basis

#### (i) Amortised cost

Amortised cost is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the EIR method of discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR and, for financial assets, adjusted for any loss allowance.





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#### (ii) Fair Valuation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects it non – performance risk.

When one is available, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Company uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction."

1.16.10 De-recognition/Modification of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

#### (A) De-recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

#### (i) Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily de-recognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an
obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'passthrough' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and
rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the
risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. The Company also recognise a liability for the consideration received attributable to the Company's continuing involvement on the asset transferred. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset de-recognised) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in OCI is recognised in profit or loss as a solution of the asset of the portion of the asset de-recognised and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in OCI is recognised in profit or loss.



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#### (ii) Financial liabilities

The Company de-recognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired.

#### (B) Modifications of financial assets and financial liabilities

#### (i) Financial assets

If the terms of a financial asset are modified, the Company evaluates whether the cash flows of the modified asset are substantially different. If the cash flows are substantially different, then the modification results in de-recognition of the original financial asset and new financial asset is recognised at fair value.

If the cash flows of the modified asset are not substantially different, then the modification does not result in de-recognition of the financial asset. In this case, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognises the amount arising from adjusting the gross carrying amount as a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial asset by recomputing the EIR rate on the instrument.

If such a modification is carried out because of financial difficulties of the borrower, then the gain or loss is presented together with impairment losses. In other cases, it is presented as interest income.

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

The Company de-recognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognised in profit or loss.

If the modification is not accounted as derecognition, then the amortised cost of the liability is recalculated by discounting the modified cash flows at the original EIR and the resulting gainor loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any costs or fees incurred adjust the carrying amount of the modified financial liability and are amortised over the remaining term of the modified financial liability by recomputing the EIR rate on the instrument."





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#### 1.16.11 Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 1.16.12 Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company recognises impairment allowances for ECL on all the financial assets that are not measured at FVTPL.No impairment loss is recognised on equity investments.

ECL are probability weighted estimate of credit losses. They are measured as follows:

- Financial Assets that are not credit impaired as the present value of all cash shortfalls that are
  possible within 12 months after the reporting date.
- Financial Assets with significant increase in credit risk but not credit impaired as the present
  value of all cash shortfalls that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the
  financial asset.
- Financial Assets that are credit impaired as the difference between the gross carrying amount
  and the present value of estimated cash flows
- Undrawn Loan Commitments as the present value of the difference between the contractual
  cash flows that are due to the Company if the commitment is drawn down and the cash flows that
  the Company expects to receive with respect to trade receivables and other financial assets, the
  Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For financial assets at FVTOCI, the loss allowance is recognised in OCI.

#### 1.16.13 Write-off of Financial Assets

Financial assets are written off (either partially or in full) when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. This is generally the case when the company determines that the borrower does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write – off. This assessment is carried out at the individual asset level.

However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.17 TRADE RECEIVABLES

As a practical expedient the Company has adopted 'simplified approach' using the provision matrix method for recognition of expected loss on trade receivables. The provision matrix is passed of the





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years rolling average default rates observed over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. These average default rates are applied on total credit risk exposure on trade receivables and outstanding for more than one year at the reporting date to determine lifetime Expected Credit Losses.

### 1.18 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

The expenses and income in foreign exchange transactions are accounted for at the rates prevailing on the date of transactions / at the forward rate, if booked, for such transaction. Assets and liabilities held in foreign currencies and accrued income and expenditure in foreign currencies are translated into Indian Rupees at the rates advised by Foreign Exchange Dealers Association of India (FEDAI) prevailing towards the close of the accounting period. Gains / losses, if any, on valuation of various assets and liabilities are taken to Statement of Profit & Loss.

#### 1.19 REVENUE RECOGNITION

- i. Interest Income from Bank Deposits is recognized on accrual basis on a time proportion basis.
- ii. Income by way of Fees for Project Consultancy Services is recorded on accrual basis as per services rendered pursuant to the specific service agreements and in accordance with Ind AS 115 – "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".
- iii. Income by way of Fees for Manpower Provisioning is recorded on accrual basis as per manpower provided pursuant to the specific agreements and in accordance with Ind AS 115 – "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".
- iv. Income by way of Fees for EDP Training Program is recorded on accrual basis as per number of students to whom training has been provided pursuant to the specific agreements and in accordance with Ind AS 115 – "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".
- Recovery from bad debts written off is recognised as income on the basis of actual realisation from customers.

#### 1.20 DIVIDENDS

Dividends are recognised if and only when the same are approved by the shareholders in the general meeting and consequently paid to the shareholders.





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#### 1.21 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by the company in exchange for service rendered by employees. Employee benefits include: short – term employee benefits, post – employment benefits and other long – term employee benefits.

#### 1.21.1 Short Term Employee Benefits

When an employee has rendered service to the company during an accounting period, the company recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid and as an expense. Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

#### 1.21.2 Defined Benefit Plans

#### i. Gratuity

The Company has a defined benefit employee scheme in the form of Gratuity. The trustees of the scheme have entrusted the administration of the related fund to Life Insurance Corporation of India. Expense for the year is determined on the basis of actuarial valuation of the Company's year – end obligation in this regard and the value of year end assets of the scheme. Contribution is deposited with LIC based on intimation received by the Company.

#### ii. Provident Fund

The Company pays fixed contribution to Provident Fund. The contributions to the fund for the year are recognized as expense and are charged to the profit or loss. The obligation of the company is to make such fixed contributions and to ensure a minimum rate of return to the members as specified by the Government of India (GOI) from time to time.

#### iii. Medical Facilities and Mediclaim

The Company has a post-retirement medical benefit scheme for employees and their dependants subject to certain limits for hospitalization and normal medical treatment.

#### iv. Children Education Allowance

The Company also pays Children Education Allowance to employees for a maximum of two (2) children till the time they are dependent.





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Defined benefit plans are those plans that provide guaranteed benefits to certain categories of employees, either by way of contractual obligations or through a collective agreement. The company operates unfunded defined benefit plan. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each fiscal year end. The obligation recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current costs and the fair value of any plan assets, if any is deducted.

The present value of the obligation under such defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial valuation using the Projected Accrued Benefit Method (same as Projected Unit Credit Method), which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

The obligation is measured at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discount rates used for determining the present value of the obligation under defined benefit plan, are based on the market yields on Government securities as at the balance sheet date. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contribution to the plan.

The change in defined benefit plan liability is split into changes arising out of service, interest cost and re-measurements and the change in defined benefit plan asset is split between interest income and re-measurements. Changes due to service cost (which is the increase of the present value of the defined benefit obligation resulting from the employee service in the current period) and net interest cost / income (which is the change during the period in the defined benefit liability that arises from the passage of time) is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Re-measurements of net defined benefit liability / (asset) which comprise of the below are recognized in other comprehensive income:

· Actuarial gains and losses;

 The return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset)

#### 1.21.3 Other Long Term Employee Benefits

Benefits under the Company's Leave Encashment and Leave Fare Concession constitute other long term employee benefits. The Company's net obligation in respect of leave encashment is the amount of future benefit that employees have present value, and the fair value of any related assets is





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deducted. The calculation is performed using the projected unit credit method. Any actuarial gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Provision for Leave Encashment is being made on actuarial valuation basis.

#### 1.22 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Income Tax expense comprises of current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of temporary differences between tax base and book base). It is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in OCI.

#### 1.22.1 Current Tax

Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current tax comprises the tax payable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') under the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 is recognised as current tax in the statement of profit and loss. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if, the company: a) has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and

b) intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 1.22.2 Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and based on management's judgement, are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only if the Company:

a) has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
b) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.





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#### 1.22.3 Current and Deferred Tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 1.22.4 Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

The credit available under the Act in respect of MAT paid is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for set –off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit recognised as an asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

#### 1.23 PRIOR PERIOD ITEMS

Material prior period errors are corrected retrospectively by restating the comparative amounts for prior period presented in which the error occurred or if the error occurred before the earliest period presented, by restating the opening statement of financial position.

#### 1.24 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed using the net profit for the year attributable to the shareholders and weighted average number of equity and potential equity shares outstanding during the year, except where the result would be anti-dilutive.

#### 1.25 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company operates in three reportable business segment namely 'Project Consultancy' comprising of various projects related consultancy, TEV studies, Feasibility Studies and Valuations etc. and in 'Manpower Provisioning' comprising of providing manpower both skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled to government offices and in 'EDP Training Programme' comprising of providing Entreprenurial Trainings and Development programmes.

#### ALLOCATION OF COMMON COSTS

Common allocable costs are allocated to each segment according to the relative contribution of each segment to the total common costs.





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#### 1.26 CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Cash flow statement is prepared as per indirect method prescribed in the Ind AS 7 – "Statement of Cash Flows".







Skill Development Program in Self Employed Tailor Sponsored by National Safai Karmcharis Finance and Development Corporation



Solar Light Installation by MPCON under MPLDS/MLALADS Fund

# **Promoters of MPCON**





### **CORPORATE OFFICE:**

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